1	Adam Steinbaugh, SBN 304829		
2	FOUNDATION FOR INDIVIDUAL RIGHTS & EXPR	ESSION	ELECTRONICALLY
3	510 Walnut Street, Suite 900 Philadelphia, PA 19106		FILED Superior Court of California, County of San Francisco
4	Telephone: (215) 717-3473 Facsimile: (215) 717-3440		09/18/2024
5	Email: adam@thefire.org		Clerk of the Court BY: KEVIN DOUGHERTY Deputy Clerk
6	 Matthew Strugar, SBN 232951		
7	LAW OFFICE OF MATTHEW STRUGAR		
	3435 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 2910 Los Angeles, CA 90010		
8	Telephone: (323) 696-2299		
9	Email: matthew@matthewstrugar.co	m	
10	Attorneys for Respondent Amy Gulley		
11			
12	SUPERIOR COURT OF T	HE STATE OF CA	ALIFORNIA
13	COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO	- CIVIC CENTE	R COURTHOUSE
14		Case No. CCH-24-	587004
15	SARRITA ANASTASIA ADAMS,	Assigned for all p	urposes to the
16	Petitioner,	Hon. Michelle Ton	g
17	vs.	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE	N-OPPOSITION TO
18	AMY GULLEY,	RESPONDENT AMY GULLEY'S MOTION TO QUASH AND SPECE	
19	D	AND REQUEST	
20	Respondent.	TEMPORARY R ORDER; SUPPL	
21		DECLARATION STEINBAUGH;	
22			
23			ember 30, 2024 a.m.
24		Dept.: 505	
		Action Filed: June	6 2024
25		l .	ember 30, 2024
26			
27			

NOTICE AND MEMORANDUM

Petitioner Sarrita Anastasia Adams, who has thrust herself into the center of an ongoing "media frenzy," has imposed a 115-day prior restraint on Respondent Amy Gulley, a Pennsylvania resident barred from making online comments "about" Adams. Misusing the civil harassment process to muzzle a critic is bad enough.

Even worse, the length of that prior restraint, in the form of a temporary restraining order, is a direct result of Adams's *repeated* refusals to participate in the action she initiated. In fact, for the second time, and after four continuances, Adams has not filed or served a timely opposition to Gulley's Motion to Quash Petition for Civil Harassment Restraining Order for Lack of Personal Jurisdiction ("Motion to Quash") or her Special Motion to Strike ("anti-SLAPP Motion").

This Court should dissolve the TRO and deny any request by Adams for a fifth continuance to make a *third* attempt at meeting her deadlines.

BACKGROUND AND PROCEDURAL HISTORY

Adams's June 6, 2024, petition.

Adams filed her petition on June 6, 2024. The following day, this Court granted a TRO prohibiting Gulley from making any online comments "about" Adams. On June 28, Gulley's counsel asked Adams to dismiss her petition, warning that Gulley would file an anti-SLAPP Motion if the matter were continued. (Supp. Decl. of Adam Steinbaugh ["Steinbaugh Supp. Decl."], ¶ 5, Ex. 1.) Adams refused and asserted that she had "already prepared a response to your anti-slapp, and we have numerous declarations from witnesses" in support. (*Id.* ¶ 10, Ex. 3.)

Adams seeks a continuance after failing to file a proof of service.

On July 2, Gulley's counsel attempted to appear for the hearing after traveling from Philadelphia to California. (Steinbaugh Supp. Decl. ¶ 6.) Instead, at Adams' request, the Court continued the matter to July 23, 2024, because Adams had not filed a proof of service. (See *id.* ¶ 8, Ex. 2.)

¹ See Declaration of Adam Steinbaugh in Support of Special Motion to Strike, ¶ 19, Ex. 17.

The Court continues the hearing to resolve the anti-SLAPP and personal iurisdiction motions.

On July 16, Gulley filed a request to continue the July 23 hearing to August 20 to respond to the petition and provide Adams time to prepare an opposition to the Motion to Quash for lack of personal jurisdiction and anti-SLAPP Motion. (*Id.* ¶ 11, Ex. 4.) Gulley formally served Adams with the Motion to Quash and anti-SLAPP Motion on July 24 and 25, respectively, and the motions were set for hearing on August 20.2 Adams's oppositions to the motions were due August 7, 2024. (See, Code Civ. Proc., § 1005, subd. (b) ["All papers opposing a motion" are due nine court days before the hearing].)

Adams requests a third continuance after hiring a first attorney and missing the opposition deadline.

Adams then retained her first attorney in this matter, Marc Pelta, who first contacted Gulley's counsel on August 6, the evening before Adams's oppositions were due. (Steinbaugh Supp. Decl. ¶ 14.) On August 9, Pelta requested, and the undersigned provided, electronic copies of the anti-SLAPP Motion. (*Id.* ¶ 15.)

Adams did not file an opposition to either motion. Instead, Adams waited until August 16—nine days after her oppositions were due, and just two court days before the hearing—to file a request for a third continuance. (*Id.* ¶ 16, Ex. 5.) Adams's request asserted that Attorney Pelta was "recently hired" and needed time to review the "significant discovery/evidence" in the matter. (*Id.*) Gulley, in response, explained that Adams had missed her deadline to respond under Code of Civil Procedure section 1005, subdivision (b). (*Id.* ¶ 17, Ex. 6.)

Because Adams did not file a request for a continuance until Friday, August 16 (two court days before the hearing), the undersigned traveled to San Francisco from Philadelphia to attend that hearing. (*Id.* ¶18.) On August 19, the Court granted Adams's request, continuing the hearing to September 17, 2024. (*Id.* ¶20, Ex. 7.)

² Although formally served later, Gulley first sent Adams the Motion to Quash on July 11. (Steinbaugh Supp. Decl. ¶9.)

After a fourth continuance, Adams again hires new counsel and again misses her deadline to oppose the motions.

On August 20, the Court issued a further Order continuing the hearing a fourth time, to September 30, to accommodate resolution of the motions. (*Id.* ¶ 21, Ex. 8.) Adams's deadline to respond to the motions was September 16, 2024. (Code Civ. Proc., § 1005, subd. (b).)

Adams then repeated this process, again hiring a new attorney and seeking a continuance at the last minute. On September 12, four days before the oppositions were due, Attorney Pelta informed the undersigned that Adams had retained a second attorney, Okorie Okorocha. (*Id.* ¶ 22, Ex. 9.) Attorney Pelta then asked—for a second time—for a copy of "the motion so that we can respond to it." (*Id.*) The undersigned again obliged. (*Id.*)

That evening, mistakenly believing the hearing was set for September 17, Pelta filed a request for a further continuance. (*Id.* ¶ 23, Ex. 10.) Once again, Attorney Pelta asserted that Adams required an extension for the new attorney to have sufficient time to "review those two motions" and "comply with the California and Local Rules of Court to litigate these two motions." (*Id.*) Attorney Pelta provided a list of acceptable dates, *including September 30*. (*Id.*) When the undersigned explained that the Court had already continued the matter to that date, Pelta withdrew his request, committed to the September 30 hearing date, and represented to the Court that Adams would file oppositions this week. (*Id.* ¶ 24, Ex. 11.)

Adams did not file an opposition to either motion by September 16, the deadline set based on the date Adams *chose* for the hearing. (*Id.* ¶ 25.)

ARGUMENT

I. Adams Has Repeatedly Failed to Oppose the Motions.

Absent a court order or express law to the contrary, an opposition to a noticed motion—including an anti-SLAPP motion—is due nine court days before the hearing. (Code Civ. Proc., § 1005, subd. (b); *Changsha Metro Group Co., Ltd. v. Xufeng* (2020) 57 Cal.App.5th 1, 19.) That familiar timeline applies to anti-SLAPP motions challenging civil harassment petitions. (See, *Thomas v. Quintero* (2005) 126 Cal.App.4th 635, 649

[recognizing that the time necessary for parties to adjudicate an anti-SLAPP motion may be longer than the "short time line specified in the [civil harassment] statute for a hearing on the merits of a petition."])

Adams has twice failed to meet this deadline. Her initial deadline to file a response was on August 7, nine court days before the August 20 hearing. Although the Court showed patience in continuing the hearing to accommodate Adams' last-minute retention of counsel, Adams did nothing with the 41-day extension. With just four days before her second deadline (September 16, which is nine court days before the September 30 hearing), Adams again asked for a copy of the anti-SLAPP motion. (Steinbaugh Supp. Decl. ¶ 22, Ex. 9.) And although Adams's counsel *chose* the September 30 date (id. ¶¶ 23-24, Exs. 10 & 11), Adams filed no opposition to either the anti-SLAPP Motion or the straightforward Motion to Quash. (Id. ¶ 25.)

Adams's twice-over failure to oppose the Motions is an implied concession of their merit. (See Herzberg v. County of Plumas (2005) 133 Cal. App. 4th 1, 20 [failure to oppose portion of demurrer was an abandonment of the issue]; DuPont Merck Pharmaceutical Co. v. Superior Court (2000) 78 Cal. App. 4th 562, 566 [failure to challenge argument in a brief concedes the argument].) At best, Adams's refusal to participate in the action she initiated is indicative of the costly time-wasting the anti-SLAPP statute is intended to cut short.

Adams's Repeated Failure to Respond Undermines the Expedited II. Nature of These Proceedings.

Adams failed to use the extra time this Court afforded to her.

Adams's refusal to respond is not for lack of time: Ordinarily, a party opposing a motion has seven court days to file an opposition, as the movant may serve the motion sixteen court days before the hearing. (Code Civ. Proc. § 1005, subd. (b).) Adams has had thirty-six court days (or 53 calendar days) to file an opposition³—more than five times the advance notice required by the Code of Civil Procedure.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

28

²⁷

³ The Motion to Quash was served on July 24 and the anti-SLAPP motion on July 25. There are thirty-six court days between July 25 and September 16, the most recent deadline to file an opposition.

Setting aside her *formal* window to respond, Adams has long had advance warning of the Motions. Adams was first provided a copy of the Motion to Quash on July 11, some 67 days before her most recent deadline to respond. (Steinbaugh Supp. Decl., ¶ 9.) She had even *earlier* warning of the anti-SLAPP motion, as Gulley's counsel alerted her on June 28—a full 80 days before an opposition would be due. (*Id.* ¶ 5, Ex. 1.)

Worse, after the Court continued this matter to provide Adams time to respond, she did not do so. Instead, Attorney Pelta asked Gulley for a copy of the anti-SLAPP motion on September 12 so that "we can respond to it." (*Id.* ¶ 22, Ex. 9.) That Pelta again asked for a copy of the motion on September 12—after Gulley had already provided it to Adams on July 25, and to Attorney Pelta on August 9 (*id.* ¶¶ 13, 15)—shows that Adams has made no effort to respond to the motion, despite her counsel telling the Court on August 16 they needed that time to review the "significant discovery/evidence." (*Id.* ¶ 16, Ex. 5.)

B. Both the Motion to Quash and anti-SLAPP Motion are intended to be adjudicated expeditiously.

Adams's delays of the hearing on the Motions are undermining a shared purpose of the anti-SLAPP statute, California's personal jurisdiction statute, and the civil harassment statute—expedited resolution. California's anti-SLAPP statute and personal jurisdiction statute both present threshold issues to be decided early and before trial. And the civil harassment statute is intended to provide for quick trial on the merits—after the threshold issues presented by the Motion to Quash and anti-SLAPP Motion are resolved.

Motions to quash present threshold jurisdictional issues that must be resolved before proceeding to the merits. (*Aghaian v. Minassian* (2021) 64 Cal. App. 5th 603, 610–611 [explaining reasons why motions to quash are adjudicated before proceeding to the merits].) That's why a motion to quash must be filed before (or at the same time as) challenging the pleadings by demurrer or motion to strike, and noticed for hearing within thirty days. (Code Civ. Proc. § 418.10, subds. (b) & (e)(3).)

Likewise, the anti-SLAPP statute imposes time limits on anti-SLAPP motions to facilitate the "legislative policy of early evaluation and expeditious resolution of claims

arising from protected activity." (Salma v. Capon (2008) 161 Cal.App.4th 1275, 1294.)

These guardrails include the requirements that anti-SLAPP motions be *filed* early (within 60 days of service) and *heard* early (within 30 days of service of the motion). (Code Civ. Proc. § 425.16, subd. (f).)

Moreover, the anti-SLAPP Motion presents threshold issues that must be resolved before proceeding to a hearing on the merits, as the anti-SLAPP statute provides immunity from trial and relief from other burdens of litigation, like discovery. (*Physicians Com. for Responsible Medicine v. Tyson Foods, Inc.* (2004) 119 Cal.App.4th 120, 129 [recognizing that the anti-SLAPP statute provides a "limited immunity from suit"]; Code. Civ. Proc. § 425.16, subd. (g) [automatic stay of discovery].)

The repeated stalling by Adams and her counsel is contrary to the purposes of the anti-SLAPP statute and their lackadaisical approach comes at the expense of Gulley's core First Amendment rights.

III. Adams's Refusal to Participate in this Action is Causing Prejudice to Gulley's First Amendment Rights.

Adams's obstruction frustrates the expeditious resolution of the anti-SLAPP motion and is deeply prejudicial to Gulley. Adams has obtained a temporary restraining order prohibiting Gulley from making online comments "about" Adams, who has thrust herself to the forefront of a matter of public concern. The TRO is set to expire on September 30—a full 115 days after its issuance. (Steinbaugh Supp. Decl. ¶ 21, Ex. 8.) Procedurally defective at the outset, the TRO should not have issued, and—if the motions are not granted due to Adams's failure to respond—the Court should dissolve the TRO to ensure Gulley suffers no more harm to her constitutional rights while Gulley's motions and Adams's petition are pending.

A. The Court should dissolve the TRO because it is a prior restraint on speech on matters of public concern.

A civil harassment restraining order prohibiting the respondent from "making or publishing" statements about another person is a "classic type of an unconstitutional prior restraint." (*Evans v. Evans* (2008) 162 Cal.App.4th 1157, 1167–1169 [reversing order prohibiting "false and defamatory" statements on the internet].)

Because prior restraints prohibit speech before it occurs, they are the "most serious and the least tolerable" limit on First Amendment rights. (*Neb. Press Assn. v. Stuart* (1976) 427 U.S. 539, 559). The risks prior restraints present are so great that the "chief purpose" in adopting the First Amendment was to prevent their use entirely. (*Near v. Minn.* (1931) 283 U.S. 697, 713.) A prior restraint carries a "heavy presumption against its constitutional validity" and is rarely justified outside of the context of national security concerns. (*New York Times Co. v. United States* (1971) 403 U.S. 713, 714 [per curiam] [rejecting prior restraints in the context of the Pentagon Papers].)

Those dangers are why the Court of Appeal has repeatedly overturned prior restraints like that applied to Gulley. (See, e.g., *Evans*, *supra*, 162 Cal.App.4th at 1167–1169; *Smith v. Silvey* (1983) 149 Cal.App.3d 400, 406–407 [order prohibiting respondent from "contacting" residents of mobile home park was "unconstitutionally overbroad" because it limited distribution of "literature"]; *Thomas v. Quintero* (2005) 126 Cal.App.4th 635, 643, 663 [prohibition on "distributing false and misleading handbills" about petitioner].)

The prior restraint on Gulley's speech is *broader* than the orders the Court of Appeal prohibited in *Evans*, *Silvey*, and *Thomas*. That infirmity requires its dissolution.

B. The broad TRO is causing ongoing harm to Gulley's First Amendment rights.

The TRO issued on June 7 broadly prohibits Gulley from posting anything "about" Adams or her for-profit corporation and requires Gulley to remove existing comments from public access. In doing so, the TRO prohibits Gulley from *any* speech about Adams, even as Adams continues to seek out media attention. (Since the TRO was issued, several outlets have covered Adams's efforts to influence public opinion, including the New York Times, Associated Press, and BBC, among others.⁴) In *Thomas v. Quintero*, a prohibition

⁴ Mark Landler, *Inquiry Into 'Killer Nurse' Won't Weigh Key Question: Is She Innocent?*, N.Y. Times (Aug. 29, 2024), https://www.nytimes.com/2024/08/29/world/europe/lucy-letby-innocent-inquiry-nurse-babies.html [noting an "open

on distributing even *unprotected* "false and misleading handbills" at the petitioner's church violated the respondent's First Amendment rights because that conduct was not of the "qualitatively in a 'pattern of conduct' as contemplated by" the civil harassment statute. (*Thomas*, *supra*, 126 Cal. App. 4th at pp. 663.) It follows that a *broader* prohibition on *any* speech—none of which Adams has proven are false, let alone unprotected—is a content-based regulation sweeping far more broadly than the First Amendment permits.

Nor does the putatively-temporary nature of the order staunch the harm caused by the prior restraint. A restriction on "First Amendment freedoms, for even minimal periods of time, unquestionably" abridges First Amendment rights (*Elrod v. Burns* (1976) 427 U.S. 347, 373), and an order prohibiting speech for 115 days is far from a "minimal" period.

SLAPP plaintiffs like Adams have an incentive to draw out a proceeding. Delay forces the respondent to continue to "devote [her] time, energy and financial resources to combatting the lawsuit" while removing her voice from public discourse. (*Wilcox v. Superior Court* (1994) 27 Cal.App.4th 809, 816 [disapproved on other grounds by *Equilon Enterprises v. Consumer Cause, Inc.* (2002) 29 Cal.4th 53, 68 n.5].) That incentive is compounded where, as here, the petitioner can extend an order prohibiting her critics from speaking about her, knowing the Order is likely to be lifted once meaningfully contested.

C. The TRO should be dissolved because it was procedurally defective when it was issued.

The TRO's substantive defects are also the product of a procedural infirmity which—independent of its unconstitutional overbreadth—require its dissolution.

Both the California Supreme Court and United States Supreme Court have confirmed a prior restraint issued without an opportunity to be heard is *always* unsound. The First Amendment and California Constitution leave "no place" for "ex parte restraining orders" affecting protected speech "unless a showing is made that it was not reasonably

letter to Prime Minister Keir Starmer" facilitated by Adams's 'Science on Trial" site]; Brian Melley & Maria Cheng, Inquiry into UK hospital where a nurse killed 7 babies will not review evidence against her, Assoc. Press (Sept. 10, 2024), https://apnews.com/article/uk-nurse-babies-killed-hospital-investigation-letby-

fbc582b210d498414451297395eab934 [describing Adams's leadership in the public debate]; Judith Moritz & Jonathan Coffey, *Lucy Letby: Courtroom drama, a failed appeal, and battles over the truth*, BBC (July 3, 2024), https://www.bbc.com/news/articles/c727jgdm7r4o [same].

possible to notify opposing parties or their counsel and afford them an opportunity to be heard." (United Farm Workers v. Superior Ct. of Santa Cruz Cnty. (1975) 14 Cal.3d 902, 914 [citing, with approval, Carroll v. Princess Anne (1968), 393 U.S. 175, 180].)

Yet the TRO issued without a hearing, let alone an "opportunity to make an opposing presentation," which is alone "enough to render suspect ex parte proceedings affecting First Amendment rights[.]" (*Id.* at pp. 908–909.) That's because the lack of "evidence and argument by both sides" inhibits "careful conclusions which are essential in the area of First Amendment adjudication." (*Id.* at pp. 909.) Moreover, the one-sided presentation too often produces an injunction "which sweeps more broadly" than the "narrowest terms that will accomplish the pin-pointed objective permitted by constitutional mandate and the essential needs of public order." (*Id.* [quoting, in part, *Carroll*, *supra*, 393 U.S. at p. 183].)

The order here does not serve the essential needs of public order because it instead targets speech on matters of public concern—speech that "occupies the highest rung of the hierarchy of First Amendment values." (*Snyder v. Phelps* (2011) 562, U.S. 443, 452.)

CONCLUSION

Respondent respectfully requests this Court grant the Motions, vacate the September 30 hearing, and dissolve the TRO. This Court should not countenance Adams' repeated delays in a case she filed, which continues to curtail Gulley's exercise of First Amendment rights. If Adams seeks a fifth continuance, the Court should exercise its "broad discretion" to deny a continuance, as there is "no mandatory right to a continuance" for a civil harassment petitioner. (Freeman v. Sullivant (2011) 192 Cal. App. 4th 523, 527.)

DATED: September 18, 2024

FOUNDATION FOR INDIVIDUAL RIGHTS & EXPRESSION

By:

Adam Steinbaugh

Attorney for Respondent Amy Gulley

⁵ If Adams files a belated opposition to either Motion, this Court should exercise its "broad discretion" to "reject late-filed papers." (*Rancho Mirage Country Club Homeowners Assn. v. Hazelbaker* (2016) 2 Cal.App.5th 252, 262.) If the Court were to consider a dilatory opposition, it would prejudice Gulley's ability to file a reply.

INDEX OF EXHIBITS

Exhibit	Description	Page(s)
1	June 28, 2024, email to Adams concerning forthcoming	14-16
	motion to quash, anti-SLAPP motion	
2	July 2, 2024, Order on Adams's request to continue	17-20
	July 11, 2024, email from Adams asserting she had	21-31
3	prepared a response to the anti-SLAPP motion with	
	"numerous declarations" in support	
4	Request to Continue, July 16, 2024	32-34
5	Request to Continue, August 16, 2024	35-37
6	Opposition to Request to Continue, August 16, 2024	38-44
7	August 19, 2024, Order on Adams's request to continue	45-48
	August 20, 2024, Order continuing hearing to	49-54
8	accommodate resolution of motion to quash and anti-	2 2 2 2
	SLAPP motion	
	September 12, 2024, email correspondence with Adams's	55-57
9	counsel re: "Request for Anti-SLAPP Motion"	and and another anothe
10	September 12, 2024, Request to Continue	58-66
11	September 13, 2024, Amended Request to Continue	67-69

-10 -

INDEX OF EXHIBITS

SUPPLEMENTAL DECLARATION OF ADAM STEINBAUGH

I, Adam Steinbaugh, hereby declare:

- 1. I am an attorney licensed to practice in California. I work for a non-profit organization, the Foundation for Individual Rights and Expression (FIRE), which provides *pro bono* legal assistance on First Amendment matters. I am an attorney of record for Respondent Amy Gulley in this matter. As such, I have personal knowledge of the matters stated herein and could competently testify thereto.
- 2. I make this supplemental declaration in further support of Respondent Gulley's Motion to Quash Petition for Civil Harassment Restraining Order for Lack of Personal Jurisdiction ("Motion to Quash") and Special Motion to Strike ("anti-SLAPP Motion").
 - 3. I reside, and my office is located in, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.
- 4. My services, and the services of my colleagues and co-counsel, are offered to Respondent Amy Gulley on a *pro bono* basis.
- 5. A true and correct copy of an email I sent to Petitioner Adams on June 28, 2024, is attached as **Exhibit 1**. In the email, I informed Adams that I was preparing to file a motion to quash and an anti-SLAPP motion.
- 6. On July 2, 2024, after traveling to San Francisco, I attempted to appear for the hearing after traveling to California from Philadelphia.
- 7. In traveling to San Francisco for the July 2 hearing, I incurred more than \$2,000.00 in travel and lodging expenses.
- 8. A true and correct copy of the Court's July 2, 2024, Order on Adams's request to continue the hearing is attached as **Exhibit 2**.
- 9. On July 11, 2024, I attempted to file Gulley's Motion to Quash. I served Adams with a copy of the same on the same date, sending it to her via Express Mail to the address listed on her petition. While the court clerk later rejected that filing, the papers I served on Adams on July 11—including the memorandum, declarations, and exhibits—are

substantively identical to the version I subsequently served and filed on Petitioner Adams on July 24, 2024.

- 10. A true and correct copy of an email I received from Petitioner Adams on July 11, 2024, is attached as **Exhibit 3**. In the email, Adams states: "We have already prepared a response to your anti-slapp, and we have numerous declarations from witnesses stating they observed Gulley's criminal conduct, in the form of stalking and harassment."
- 11. A true and correct copy of Respondent's Request to Continue, filed on July 16, 2024, is attached as **Exhibit 4**.
- 12. On July 24, 2024, I served the Motion to Quash and associated documents via overnight delivery to Petitioner Adams's mailing address by Federal Express.
- 13. On July 25, 2024, I served the anti-SLAPP motion and associated documents via overnight delivery to Petitioner Adams's mailing address by the United States Postal Service.
- 14. On the evening of August 6, 2024, I first heard from Petitioner Adams's first attorney in this matter, Marc Pelta.
- 15. On August 9, Mr. Pelta asked for a copy of the anti-SLAPP motion. I provided him with access to an electronic copy of the motion the same day.
- 16. A true and correct copy of Adams's second Request to Continue, dated August 16, 2024, is attached as **Exhibit 5**. In the August 16 Request to Continue, Adams's attorney stated that he was "recently hired and needs time to prepare," stating that he was available on September 30.
- 17. A true and correct copy of the memorandum in support of Respondent's Opposition to the second Request to Continue, filed on August 16, 2024, is attached as **Exhibit 6**.
- 18. Because Adams's second Request to Continue was not filed until two court days before the hearing, I traveled from Philadelphia to San Francisco to be able to attend the scheduled hearing. I incurred at least \$1,326.72 in costs and expenses as a result.

EXHIBIT 1



Adams vs. Gulley - Proposed Stipulation and EX PARTE NOTICE

Adam Steinbaugh <adam@thefire.org>

Fri, Jun 28, 2024 at 3:42 PM

To: Sarrita

Cc: JT Morris@thefire.org>, Gabe Walters <gabe.walters@thefire.org>, Matthew Strugar <matthew@matthewstrugar.com>, Colin McDonell <colin.mcdonell@thefire.org>

Dear Sarrita Adams:

I represent Amy Gulley in connection with your petition for a civil harassment restraining order against Gulley and 20 John Doe defendants. The hearing on your petition is set for July 2, 2024.

First, I strongly urge you to voluntarily dismiss your petition. I am preparing to file a motion to quash and an anti-SLAPP motion. If the anti-SLAPP motion is granted, Gulley will be awarded attorneys' fees. (Code Civ. Pro., § 425.16 subd. (c) (1).) You can avoid that outcome by dismissing the petition at any time before we file the anti-SLAPP motion.

While you consider that, I'm writing to ask if you would agree to a continuance of the July 2 hearing. Under Code of Civil Procedure section 527.6, subdivision (o), Gulley is entitled to a continuance as a matter of right. Additionally, *Thomas v. Quintero* (2005) 126 Cal. App. 4th 635, 649 allows continuances so that an anti-SLAPP motion is heard before the hearing on the civil harassment restraining order petition. I have attached a copy of that decision for your convenience.

Would you agree to (1) continue the hearing on your petition to August 20, 2024 (or a date three weeks after a hearing on the anti-SLAPP motion and motion to quash); and (2) hold a hearing on the anti-SLAPP motion and motion to quash on July 30, 2024, or as soon thereafter as the court may schedule it?

If you are agreeable to that, I have attached a stipulation to that effect and ask that you sign and email it to me.

Please let me know your position as soon as is practicable. If I do not hear from you **before 4:00 p.m. Pacific Time on June 28, 2024**, I will seek a continuance on an *ex parte* application.

Absent your agreement to that schedule, **please take notice** that on Tuesday, July 2, 2024, at 8:30 a.m. or as soon as the matter may be heard in Department 505 of the San Francisco Superior Court, at 400 McAllister St., San Francisco, CA, 94102, Respondent Amy Gulley will apply ex parte for an order setting the date for hearing on Respondent's anticipated anti-SLAPP motion and motion to quash for July 30, 2024, and continuing the July 2, 2024 hearing on the petition for a civil harassment restraining order to August 20, 2024, or a date three weeks after a hearing on the petition.

Also, please let me know whether you are amenable to service of documents we file via email. I am amenable.

Thank you in advance,

Adam B. Steinbaugh
Attorney*
Foundation for Individual Rights and Expression
510 Walnut Street
Suite 900
Philadelphia, PA 19106
(215) 717-3473
adam@thefire.org

This communication may contain information that is confidential or privileged. Unless you are the addressee (or authorized to receive this message by the addressee), you may not use, copy, or disclose the contents of this message or information contained in this message to anyone. If you believe that you have received this message in error, please advise the sender and delete this message.

* Admitted	in California	and Pen	insylvania
, lannitud	m camonna	and i on	, icy i a ina

2 attachments

- Thomas v. Quintero_ 126 Cal. App. 4th 635.PDF 522K
- [DRAFT] Stipulation and Proposed Order Continuing July 2, 2024 Hearing.pdf

EXHIBIT 2

CH-116 Order on Request to Continue Hearing Complete items ① and ② only. 1 Protected Party: Sarrita Anastasia Adams 2 Restrained Party: Amy Gulley The court will complete the rest of this form	ENDORSED FILED San Francisco County Superior Count JUL 0 2 2024
2 Restrained Party: Amy Gulley	HH A 9 2024
2 Restrained Party: Amy Gulley	JOL V # ZOZT
The court will complete the rest of this form	CLERK OF THE COURT BY: ANGELICA SUNGA Deputy Cleri:
/ - \ - \ - \ - \ - \ - \ - \ - \ - \ -	If in court name and sheet accress Superior Court of California, County of
	San Francisco
Your court date is:	
23.4 T	400 McA∏ister St. San Francisco, CA 94102
(2) Your court date is not rescheduled because:	II in case number.
	Case Number:
	CCH-24-587004
New Date: Jul 23, 2024 Time: 8:30 am Date: 505 Room: 505	
Court Dept.: 505 Room: 505	e next court date because:.
Court Dept.: 505 Room: 505 4 Temporary Restraining Order	e next court date because:.
Temporary Restraining Order a ☐ There is no Temporary Restraining Order (TRO) in this case until the	
Dept.: 505 Reom: 505 Temporary Restraining Order There is no Temporary Restraining Order (TRO) in this case until the (1) A TRO was not previously granted by the court.	t because: Warning and Notice (
Temporary Restraining Order a There is no Temporary Restraining Order (TRO) in this case until the (1) A TRO was not previously granted by the court. (2) The court terminates (cancels) the previously granted TRO because:	t because: Warning and Notice to the Restrained Party: [f(4) b is checked, a civ
Temporary Restraining Order a ☐ There is no Temporary Restraining Order (TRO) in this case until the (1) ☐ A TRO was not previously granted by the court. (2) ☐ The court terminates (cancels) the previously granted TRO because: b. ☒ A Temporary Restraining Order (TRO) is still in full force and effect (1) ☒ The court extends the TRO previously granted on (date). June 7, 202	warning and Notice of the Restrained Party: (f(4) b is checked, a cive transsment restraining order has been issued
Temporary Restraining Order a ☐ There is no Temporary Restraining Order (TRO) in this case until the (1) ☐ A TRO was not previously granted by the court. (2) ☐ The court terminates (cancels) the previously granted TRO because: b. ☒ A Temporary Restraining Order (TRO) is still in full force and effect (1) ☒ The court extends the TRO previously granted on (date). June 7, 202 It now expires on (date): July 23, 2024	warning and Notice to the Restrained Party: (f(4)) b is checked, a civil larassment restraining order has been issued against you. You must

Lichted Courte of Coldern B, News Scottlets 907 New Experience 1, 2002, Mandatory Form Code of CHA Protection, 55, 527 A and 527 B

Order on Request to Continue Hearing (Temporary Restraining Order) (CLETS-TCH) (Civil Harassment Prevention) CH-116, Page 1 of 3



Case Number:	
CCH-24-587004	

restrained party because they or their lawyer were at the count date or agreed to reschedule the count date. (2) You must have the restrained party personally served with a copy of this order and a copy of this order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by (date): (3) You must have the restrained party served with a copy of this order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by (date): (4) The court gives you permission to serve the restrained party as listed on feet and a copy of this order. This can be done by mail. You must serve the restrained party as listed on feet and a copy of this order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by (date): (5) You must have the protected party served with a copy of this order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by (date): (6) You must have the protected party served with a copy of this order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by (date): (7) Other: (8) You must have the protected party served with a copy of this order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by (date):	 a. ▼ There is good cause to reschede (1) ▼ The protected party has not not not not not not not not not not		
c. ☐ The court reschedules the court date on its own motion. Serving (Giving) Order to Other Party The request to reschedule was made by the: a. ☑ Protected party b. ☐ Restrained party c. ☐ Court (1) ☐ You do not have to serve the restrained party because they or their lawyer were at the court date or agreed to reschedule the court date. (2) ☑ You must have the restrained party personally served with a copy of this order and a copy of all documents listed on form CH-109, item ⑥, by (date): (3) ☐ You must have the restrained party served with a copy of this order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by (date): (4) ☐ The court gives you permission to serve the restrained party as listed on formits on the restrained party as listed on permission to serve the restrained party as listed on formits order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by (date): (4) ☐ The court gives you permission to serve the restrained party as listed on formits order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by (date): (4) ☐ The court gives you permission to serve the restrained party as listed on formits order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by (date): (4) ☐ The court gives you permission to serve the restrained party as listed on formits order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by (date): (4) ☐ The court gives you permission to serve the restrained party as listed on formits order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by (date): (5) ☐ Other: ☐ Ot	(2) Guidi		
c. ☐ The court reschedules the court date on its own motion. Serving (Giving) Order to Other Party The request to reschedule was made by the: a. ☑ Protected party b. ☐ Restrained party c. ☐ Court (1) ☐ You do not have to serve the restrained party because they or their lawyer were at the court date or agreed to reschedule the court date. (2) ☑ You must have the restrained party personally served with a copy of all documents listed on form CH-109, item ⑥, by (date): Inly 18, 2024 (3) ☐ You must have the restrained party served with a copy of this order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by (date): (4) ☐ The court gives you permission to serve the restrained party as listed on feasible to serve the restrained party served with a copy of this order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by (date): (4) ☐ The court gives you permission to serve the restrained party as listed on feasible to court date or agreed to court date. (4) ☐ Other: ☐ Othe	h. This is the first time that the re-	drained norty has asked for more time t	e presare.
Serving (Giving) Order to Other Party The request to reschedule was made by the: a. Protected party b. Restrained party c. Court (1) You do not have to serve the restrained party because they or their lawyer were at the count date or agreed to reschedule the count date. (2) You must have the restrained party personally served with a copy of this order and a copy of all documents listed on form CII-109, item 6, by (date): (3) You must have the restrained party served with a copy of this order. This can be done by mail, You must serve by (date): (4) The court gives you permission to serve the restrained on the court gives you permission to serve the restrained party as listed on this order gives you permission to serve the restrained party as listed on this order party as listed on this order party as listed on this order to other party as listed on the court gives you permission to serve the restrained party as listed on the court gives you permission to serve the restrained party as listed on the court gives you permission to serve the restrained party as listed on the court gives you permission to serve the restrained party as listed on the court gives you permission to serve the restrained party as listed on the court gives you permission to serve the restrained party as listed on the court gives you permission to serve the restrained party as listed on the court date. (2) You must have the protected party served with a copy of this order to all party (date): (3) You must have the protected party served with a copy of this order to all party (date): (3) Other:		20 2 4 일 기계 1.0 10 개발 수 있다. 10 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	
The request to reschedule was made by the: a. Image: Protected party (1) You do not have to serve the restrained party because they or their lawyer were at the count date or agreed to reschedule the count date. (2) Image: You must have the restrained party personally served with a copy of all documents listed on form CH-109, item (6), by (date): (3) Image: You must have the restrained party served with a copy of this order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by (date): (4) Image: The count gives you permission to serve the restrained party as listed on fermination of the count gives you permission to serve the restrained party as listed on fermination of the count gives you permission to serve the restrained party as listed on fermination of the count gives you permission to serve the restrained party as listed on fermination to serve the restrained party as listed on fermination to serve the restrained party as listed on fermination. (1) You do not have to serve the protected party because they or their lawyer were at the count date. (2) Image: You must have the protected party served with a copy of this order by (date): (3) Image: You must have the protected party served with a copy of this order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by (date): (3) Image: You must have the protected party served with a copy of this order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by (date): (4) Image: You must serve by (date): (5) Image: You must have the protected party served with a copy of this order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by (date): (4) Image: You must serve by (date): (5) Image: You must have the protected party served with a copy of this order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by (date):	e The court reservates the court	CALLY CHAIN MOTOR	
a. ■ Protected party b. □ Restrained party c. □ Court (1) □ You do not have to serve the restrained party because they or their lawyer were at the court date or agreed to reschedule the court date. (2) ■ You must have the restrained party personally served with a copy of all documents listed on form CH-109, item ⑥, by (date): July 18, 2024 (3) □ You must have the restrained party served with a copy of this order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by (date): (4) □ The court gives you permission to serve the restrained party as listed on femision to serve the restrained permission to serve the restrained permission to serve the restrained party as listed on	Serving (Giving) Order to Othe	r Party	
(1) ☐ You do not have to serve the restrained party because they or their lawyer were at the court date or agreed to reschedule the court date. (2) ☒ You must have the restrained party personally served with a copy of all documents listed on form CII-109, item ⑥, by (date): July 18, 2024 (3) ☐ You must have the restrained party served with a copy of this order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by (date): (4) ☐ The court gives you permission to serve the restrained party as listed on femiliaries and a copy of this order. This can be done by mail. You must serve the restrained permission to serve the restrained provided permission to serve the restrained provided pro	The request to reschedule was made by t	he:	
restrained party because they or their lawyer were at the count date or agreed to reschedule the count date. (2) You must have the restrained party personally served with a copy of this order and a copy of this order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by (date): (4) The count gives you personal party as listed on this order. This can be done by mail. You must serve the restrained party served with a copy of this order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by (date): (5) The count gives you personal protected party because they or their lawyer were at the count date. (2) You must have the protected party because they or their lawyer were at the count date. (2) You must have the protected party because they or their lawyer were at the count date. (2) You must have the protected party because they or their lawyer were at the count date. (2) You must have the protected party served with a copy of this order by (date): (3) You must have the protected party served with a copy of this order by mail. You must serve by (date): (4) The count gives you personally served with a copy of this order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by (date):	a. 🗷 Protected party	b. 🗌 Restrained party	c. Court
party personally served with a copy of this order and a copy of all documents listed on form CH-109, item (5), by (date): July 18, 2024 (3) \[\begin{array}{c} \text{You must have the restrained party served with a copy of this order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by (date): \[\begin{array}{c} \text{(date):} \\ (dat	restrained party because they or their lawyer were at the court date or agreed to	protected party because they or their lawyer were at the court date or agreed to	(1) Further notice is not require
party served with a copy of this order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by (date): (4) The court gives you permission to serve the restrained party as listed on party served with a copy of this order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by (date): (4) Other:	party personally served with a copy of this order and a copy of all documents listed on form CH-109, item (6), by	party personally served with a copy of this order by	(2) The court will mail a copy this order to all parties by (date):
permission to serve the restrained party as listed on	party served with a copy of this order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by	party served with a copy of this order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by	G) Other:
the attached form CF-FFF.	permission to serve the	(4)□ Other:	
(5) Cother:	(5) Cother:		
	-		

This is a Court Order.

Order on Request to Continue Hearing (Temporary Restraining Order) (CLETS-TCH) (Civil Harassment Prevention)

Rev. Sociember 1, 2002

CH-116, Page 2 of 3



Case Number:	
CCH-24-587004	

7 No Fee to Serve (Notify) Restrained Person	▼ Ordered	□ Not Ordered
--	-----------	---------------

The sheriff or marshal will serve this order for free because:

- a. X The order is based on unlawful violence, a credible threat of violence, or stalking.
- b.

 The person in (1) is entitled to a fee waiver.

CHRISTOPHER C. HITE

Date: July 2, 2024

Judicial Officer



Request for Accommodations

Assistive listening systems, computer-assisted real-time captioning, or sign language interpreter services are available if you ask at least five days before the hearing. Contact the clerk's office or go to www.courts.co.gov/forms.htm for Disability Accommodation Request (form MC-410). (Civ. Code, § 54.8.)

Instructions to Clerk

If the hearing is rescheduled and the court extended, modified, or terminated a temporary restraining order, then the court must enter this order into CLETS or send this order to law enforcement to enter into CLETS. This must be done within one business day from the day the order is made.

Clert OF CHIRD ate

-Clerk's Certificate-

I certify that this Order on Request to Continue Hearing (Temporary Restraining Order) (CLETS-TCH) is a true and correct copy of the original on file in the court.

JUL 02 2024

Clerk, by

Clerk of the Court

Deputy

This is a Court Order.

Order on Request to Continue Hearing (Temporary Restraining Order) (CLETS-TCH) (Civil Harassment Prevention) CH-116, Page 3 of 5

EXHIBIT 3



Ongoing violation of Restraining Order and Copyright Infringement - Amy Gulley

Sarrita Adams

Thu, Jul 11, 2024 at 1:03 AM

To: Adam Steinbaugh <adam@thefire.org>

Thank you for this email. You have confirmed that Ms. Gulley is still stalking me. Owing to my status as a dependent adult, which Gulley has learned through reading my divorce fillings, I will be seeking to amend the complaint to obtain a dependent adult restraining order. I am very frightened of your client, and she has caused significant suffering and harm to me.

Please note, this statement will form the basis of the contempt action.

2) the references to the name "Science on Trial" are to criticize -- not impersonate -- that entity;

Gulley's subreddit features my name and she is not allowed to stalk me but her subreddit performs this exact role. Her "criticism" amounts to statements such as I have been following Sarrita for a year..." Lying about the events in my divorce, and encouraging others to interfere with a private business. Gulley is not a customer of Science on Trial, she is simply my internet stalker, and she is not permitted to use the products of her stalking to continue to e courage others to stalk me, as this is still a breach of the court order.

The S.F. Police are being notified of the violation, and the fact that you have encouraged Gulley's criminal activity.

Since you are confused about the criminal conduct you are advocating see the statute. California Penal Code [CPC] §646.9(a) –

- (a) Any person who willfully, maliciously, and repeatedly follows or willfully and maliciously harasses another person and who makes a credible threat with the intent to place that person in reasonable fear for his or her safety, or the safety of his or her immediate family is guilty of the crime of stalking,
- (b) Any person who violates subdivision (a) when there is a temporary restraining order, injunction, or any other court order in effect prohibiting the behavior described in subdivision (a) against the same party, shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for two, three, or four years.

Please note the 200 pages of exhibits we have of your client's unhinged harassment, have been shown by major British media outlets to be nothing but defamation. Gulley's claims I am a fake scientist, a liar and so forth make up her stalking and harassing behavior. Major publications, along with scores of doctors, lawyers, scientists and experts have come out and supported the work conducted by Science on Trial. Her claims that my work is not accurate are now shown to be unfounded, and frankly of no concern of hers since this is case in Britain, where I am citizen.

https://www.theguardian.com/uk-news/article/2024/jul/09/lucy-letby-evidence-experts-question

https://www.telegraph.co.uk/news/2024/07/09/lucy-letby-serial-killer-or-miscarriage-justice-victim/

I would recommend you abandon your harassing litigation, you are supporting a woman who stalks and harasses people simply because they are engaged in matters relating to their country of citizenship. You will not meet either the 1st nor 2nd prong of an anti-SLAPP motion. Not least when you email me to inform me your client is going to continue stalking me as per your legal advice. Perhaps Ms Gulley should retain a RO attorney, as you appear unable to recognize that criminal stalking is not equivalent to free speech.

It is now clear Gulley's harassment was designed to silence my free speech such that she could limit the extent to which my work could impact issues in my home country. I have a write to engage in matters pertaining to my home country without violent and abusive American Citizens claiming they have a right to place me at fear of serious harm.

We have already prepared a response to your anti-slapp, and we have numerous declarations from witnesses stating they observed Gulley's criminal conduct, in the form of stalking and harassment. We also have her numerous screenshots detailing her criminal actions to stalk and harass me.

Your continued involvement in this matter is simply a clear effort to extract money from me through vexatious litigation, where you state in writing that you are encouraging your client to maintain a subreddit group which only she controls and where she continues to highlight her stalking actions.

I am not agreeable to a continuance to the 20th. You have not served me with any filings, and you have sent me evidence that you are supporting your client's harassment. As stated the police will be notified of your client's ongoing criminal conduct and the DA can assess your claims that stalking is free speech.

Best,

Sarrita

On Wed, 10 Jul 2024 at 18:45, Adam Steinbaugh <adam@thefire.org> wrote: Sarrita Adams:

Again, please let me know whether you will agree to a continuance of the hearing to August 20 so that you will have adequate time to respond to Respondent Gulley's forthcoming motion to quash and anti-SLAPP motion. Additionally, I would appreciate your cooperation on scheduling, as I have a family vacation and will not be able to prepare for or attend a hearing on July 23.

With respect to the Court's order: (1) the social media posts are not publicly available; (2) the references to the name "Science on Trial" are to criticize -- not impersonate -- that entity; and (3) Google has no more access to the social media posts than the general public (that is, none) and Gulley cannot control what Google publishes.

To the extent that you assert claims for defamation or copyright, those are not relevant to this proceeding. You should avoid issuing copyright takedown notices for fair uses of content.

Finally, for clarity, the balance of your allegations are denied.

Thanks in advance,

Adam B. Steinbaugh Attorney* Foundation for Individual Rights and Expression 510 Walnut Street Suite 900 Philadelphia, PA 19106 (215) 717-3473 adam@thefire.org

This communication may contain information that is confidential or privileged. Unless you are the addressee (or authorized to receive this message by the addressee), you may not use, copy, or disclose the contents of this message or information contained in this message to anyone. If you believe that you have received this message in error, please advise the sender and delete this message.

* Admitted in California and Pennsylvania

On Tue, Jul 9, 2024 at 8:22 PM Sarrita Adams wrote:

Your client continues to violate the restraining order by maintaining her harassing posts and also impersonating our business name - Science on Trial, Inc in her subreddit page. Additionally, your client has extensively infringed on

Science on Trial, Inc copyright by publishing our copyrighted work. She maintains her posts on a private - invitation only site, where the content is still clearly searchable on Google.

The court order is clear that Ms. Gulley must remove her harassing posts and stop impersonating the business Science on Trial, Inc. Ms Gulley continues to impersonate Science on Trial, Inc, and her harassing posts are still searchable. Please instruct your client to adhere to the court order as written. In the event she fails to comply with the court order I will be required to report this offense to the police.

Further, we have documentation from your client stating that she has been watching, following and 'collecting receipts' on my online movements since May 2023, this predates any coverage of me in the UK media. Your client was involved in a stalking and smear campaign prior to the minor media coverage in which the work of Science on Trial, Inc, was featured.

Recent media coverage on the Letby Case further undermines your claims that I played a pivotal role as an expert of any kind, nor has there been any widespread interest in me. Your client has a massive platform on her LucyLetby subreddit, she has used that to silence numerous individuals, block and banning them from comment while silencing any person who has disagreed with her narrow and misinformed scientific opinions. Further, Ms. Gulley has repeatedly defamed me by stating I am a domestic abuser. A transcript from 2020 from my divorce proceedings makes clear that the court did not find me to be a domestic abuser. This is why it is unwise to rely on an unpublished opinion, based on actions that occurred in 2016/2017, and where the case is still ongoing. Further, separate findings make clear I was deemed to be the victim of abuse.

Please inform your client that we will proceed to report her ongoing violations to the police if she is unable to adhere to the court order. She is required to stop impersonating Science on Trial, Inc, this means she must stop advertising her harassing and defamatory subreddit using the business name.

I have included screenshots of her violations and proof of impersonation of Science on Trial, Inc. Please also instruct your client to remove all material that is the property of Science on Trial, Inc, which she copied, or stole, from our websites. We can provide Copyright Certification at your request.

Best,

Sarrita Adams



mrjusticegossipgirl @

@mrjgossipgirl

The Justice Girl r/scienceontrial

@ reddit.com/r/scienceontri... 🖽 Joined October 2023

47 Following 40 Followers

These posts are protected.

Only confirmed followers have access to @@mrjgossipgirl's posts and complete profile. Tap the Follow button to send a follow request.





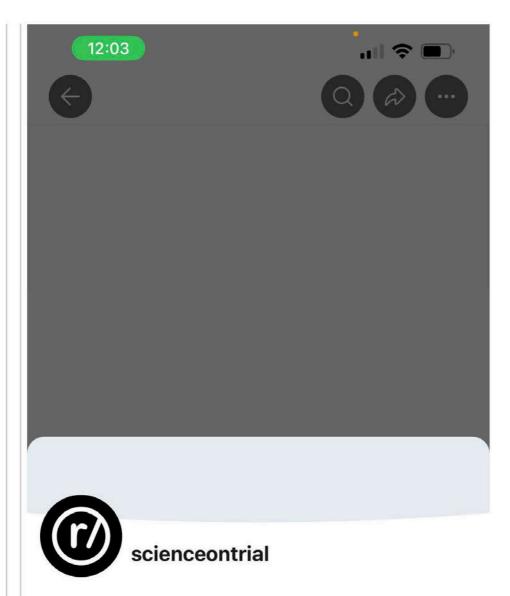












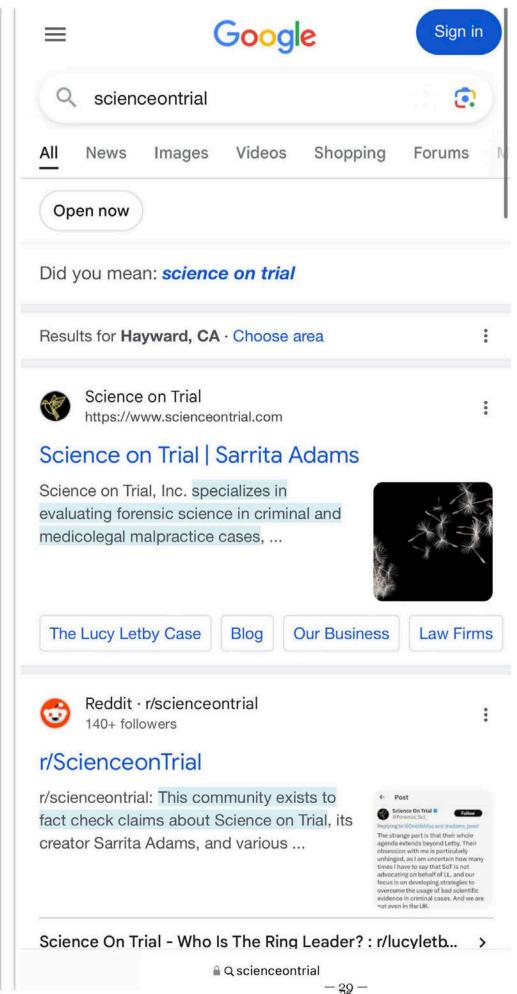
This community exists to fact check claims about Science on Trial, its creator Sarrita Adams, and various statements that can be credited to her.

This is a private community. Only approved members can view and contribute.

Reason for approval*

Request To Join

Go To Homepage



On Fri, 28 Jun 2024 at 23:30, Adam Steinbaugh <adam@thefire.org> wrote:

Dear Sarrita Adams --

As a courtesy, please find attached copies of the application we filed this evening. Again, I strongly suggest that you dismiss the petition before we file an anti-SLAPP motion. If you intend to voluntarily dismiss the petition, please let me know.

Sincerely,

Adam B. Steinbaugh Attorney* Foundation for Individual Rights and Expression 510 Walnut Street Suite 900 Philadelphia, PA 19106 (215) 717-3473 adam@thefire.org

This communication may contain information that is confidential or privileged. Unless you are the addressee (or authorized to receive this message by the addressee), you may not use, copy, or disclose the contents of this message or information contained in this message to anyone. If you believe that you have received this message in error, please advise the sender and delete this message.

* Admitted in California and Pennsylvania

On Fri, Jun 28, 2024 at 3:42 PM Adam Steinbaugh <adam@thefire.org> wrote:

Dear Sarrita Adams:

I represent Amy Gulley in connection with your petition for a civil harassment restraining order against Gulley and 20 John Doe defendants. The hearing on your petition is set for July 2, 2024.

First, I strongly urge you to voluntarily dismiss your petition. I am preparing to file a motion to quash and an anti-SLAPP motion. If the anti-SLAPP motion is granted, Gulley will be awarded attorneys' fees. (Code Civ. Pro., § 425.16 subd. (c)(1).) You can avoid that outcome by dismissing the petition at any time before we file the anti-SLAPP motion.

While you consider that, I'm writing to ask if you would agree to a continuance of the July 2 hearing. Under Code of Civil Procedure section 527.6, subdivision (o), Gulley is entitled to a continuance as a matter of right. Additionally, *Thomas v. Quintero* (2005) 126 Cal.App.4th 635, 649 allows continuances so that an anti-SLAPP motion is heard before the hearing on the civil harassment restraining order petition. I have attached a copy of that decision for your convenience.

Would you agree to (1) continue the hearing on your petition to August 20, 2024 (or a date three weeks after a hearing on the anti-SLAPP motion and motion to quash); and (2) hold a hearing on the anti-SLAPP motion and motion to quash on July 30, 2024, or as soon thereafter as the court may schedule it?

If you are agreeable to that, I have attached a stipulation to that effect and ask that you sign and email it to me.

Please let me know your position as soon as is practicable. If I do not hear from you **before 4:00 p.m. Pacific Time on June 28, 2024**, I will seek a continuance on an *ex parte* application.

Absent your agreement to that schedule, **please take notice** that on Tuesday, July 2, 2024, at 8:30 a.m. or as soon as the matter may be heard in Department 505 of the San Francisco Superior Court, at 400 McAllister St., San Francisco, CA, 94102, Respondent Amy Gulley will apply *ex parte* for an order setting the date for hearing on Respondent's anticipated anti-SLAPP motion and motion to quash for July 30, 2024, and continuing the July 2, 2024 hearing on the petition for a civil harassment restraining order to August 20, 2024, or a date three weeks after a hearing on the petition.

Also, please let me know whether you are amenable to service of documents we file via email. I am amenable.

Thank you in advance,

Adam B. Steinbaugh Attorney* Foundation for Individual Rights and Expression 510 Walnut Street Suite 900 Philadelphia, PA 19106 (215) 717-3473 adam@thefire.org

This communication may contain information that is confidential or privileged. Unless you are the addressee (or authorized to receive this message by the addressee), you may not use, copy, or disclose the contents of this message or information contained in this message to anyone. If you believe that you have received this message in error, please advise the sender and delete this message.

* Admitted in California and Pennsylvania

This email and any files transmitted with it are intended solely for the use of the individual or entity to whom they are addressed. If you have received this email in error, please notify the sender immediately and delete it from your system. Unauthorized use, disclosure, or copying of this email or its contents is strictly prohibited. Please note that any views or opinions presented in this email are solely those of the author and do not necessarily represent those of Science on Trial Inc. Science on Trial Inc. accepts no liability for any damage caused by any virus transmitted by this email.

This email and any files transmitted with it are intended solely for the use of the individual or entity to whom they are addressed. If you have received this email in error, please notify the sender immediately and delete it from your system. Unauthorized use, disclosure, or copying of this email or its contents is strictly prohibited. Please note that any views or opinions presented in this email are solely those of the author and do not necessarily represent those of Science on Trial Inc. Science on Trial Inc. accepts no liability for any damage caused by any virus transmitted by this email.

EXHIBIT 4

CH-115

1

Request to Continue Court Hearing

Clerk stamps date here when form is filed.

ELECTRONICALLY

Superio Cour o California,

Count o Sa Francisco

07/16/2024

Instructions: Use this form to ask the court to reschedule the court date listed on Notice of Court Hearing (form CH-109). Read, How to Ask for a New Hearing Date (form CH-115-INFO), for more information.

b. I have a court date currently scheduled for (date): July 23, 2024

1 My Inf	ormation	BY LAUR SIMMONS Deput Clerk
a. My na	ame is: Amy Gulley	
b. I am t	he:	Fill in court name and street address:
(1)	Protected party (skip to 2).	Superior Court of California, County of San Francisco Superior Court
(2)	X Restrained party (give your contact information below).	Civic Center Courthouse 400 McAllister Street, Room 103
	Address where I can receive mail:	San Francisco, CA 94102-4514
	This address will be used by the court and other party to notify you in this case. If you want to keep your home address private,	Fill in case number:
	you can use another address like a post office box or another	Case Number:
	person's address, if you have their permission. If you have a lawyer, give your lawyer's address and contact information.	CCH-24-587004
	Address: 510 Walnut Street, Suite 900	
	City: Philadelphia State: PA Zip: 19106	- :
	My contact information (optional):	
	Telephone: Fax:	
	Email Address:	
	Lawyer's information (skip if you do not have one):	
	Name: Adam Steinbaugh State Bar	: No.: <u>304829</u>
	Firm Name: Foundation for Individual Rights and Expression	
2 Inform	nation About My Case	
a. The	e other party in this case is (full name): Sarrita Anastasia Adams	

This is not a Court Order.

Case Number:	
CCH-24-587004	

3 Is a Temporary Restraining Order in effect?
X Yes. Date the order was made, if known: June 7, 2024
Please attach a copy of the order if you have one.
□ No.
☐ I don't know.
Notice : If the court date is rescheduled, the <i>Temporary Restraining Order</i> (form CH-110) will remain in effect until the end of the new court date unless otherwise ordered by the court.
4 Why does the court date need to be rescheduled?
a. \square I am the person asking for protection, and I need more time to have the restrained party personally served.
b. X I am the restrained party, and this is my first request to reschedule the court date.
c. X Other reason: I request a continuance to Tuesday, August 20, 2024.
(1) I am entitled to a continuance under Code Civ. Proc., § 527.6 subd. (o).
(2) I have filed a motion to quash and do not consent to personal jurisdiction. The Respondent will need time
to prepare an opposition.
(2) I will file a special motion to strike under Code Civ. Proc., § 425.16, and I need additional time to prepare
that motion. An anti-SLAPP motion should be heard before the petition. (See Thomas v. Quintero (2003) 126
Cal.App.4th 635, 652 [affirming hearing on anti-SLAPP motion 75 days after petition filed].)
(4) I need additional time to prepare. I am unavailable due to a family vacation between July 10-21, 2024.
(5) My attorney, Adam Steinbaugh, will be unavailable due to family vacations between July 21-24 and Aug.
11-16, 2024.
I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the information above is true and correct.
Date: July 9, 2024
Com a Hiller
Amy Gulley Type or print your name Sign your name
Date: July 9, 2024
Adam Steinbaugh Lawyer's name, if you have one Lawyer's signature

This is not a Court Order.

EXHIBIT 5

CH-115

Request to Continue Court Hearing

CIT-110 Request to Contained Count Houring	
nstructions: Use this form to ask the court to reschedule the court date listed in Notice of Court Hearing (form CH-109). Read, How to Ask for a New Yearing Date (form CH-115-INFO), for more information.	
1 My Information	
a. My name is: Sarrita Anastasia Adams	
b. I am the:	Fill in court name and street address:
(1) Protected party (skip to 2).	Superior Court of California, County of San Francisco
(2) Restrained party (give your contact information below).	San Trancisco
Address where I can receive mail:	
This address will be used by the court and other party to notify	Fill in case number:
you in this case. If you want to keep your home address private, you can use another address like a post office box or another	Case Number:
person's address, if you have their permission. If you have a lawyer, give your lawyer's address and contact information.	CCH-24-587004
Address: Pelta Law, 1390 Market Street, Suite 200	<u>-</u>
City: San Francisco State: CA Zip: 94102	_
My contact information (optional):	
Telephone: 415-963-1152 Fax:	
Email Address: marc@peltalaw.com	
Lawyer's information (skip if you do not have one):	
Name: Marc David Pelta State Ba	r No.: 253315
Firm Name: Pelta Law	
2 Information About My Case	
a. The other party in this case is (full name): Amy Gulley	

This is not a Court Order.

b. I have a court date currently scheduled for (date): August 20, 2024



Clerk stamps date here when form is filed.

Case Number: CcH-24-587004

Is a Temporary Restraining Order in effect?
X Yes. Date the order was made, if known: July 17, 2024
Please attach a copy of the order if you have one.
□ No.
☐ I don't know.
Notice : If the court date is rescheduled, the <i>Temporary Restraining Order</i> (form <u>CH-110</u>) will remain in effect until the end of the new court date unless otherwise ordered by the court.
Why does the court date need to be rescheduled?
a. I am the person asking for protection, and I need more time to have the restrained party personally served.
b. I am the restrained party, and this is my first request to reschedule the court date.
c. Example 16 - 30, 2024 & October 1, 7-8, 10, 22-25, 2024. Petitioner's Counsel thanks the Court for taking the time to consider this request.
Date:
Type or print your name Sign your name
Date: August 16, 2024
Marc D. Pelta
Lawyer's name, if you have one Lawyer's signature
This is not a Court Order.

Request to Continue Court Hearing (Temporary Restraining Order) (Civil Harassment Prevention)

EXHIBIT 6

ELECTRONICALLY Adam Steinbaugh, SBN 304829 1 FOUNDATION FOR INDIVIDUAL RIGHTS & EXPRESSION Superio Cour o California, 2 510 Walnut Street, Suite 900 Count o Sa Francisco Philadelphia, PA 19106 08/16/2024 3 Cler o th Court Telephone: (215) 717-3473 BY KEVI DOUGHERTY 4 Facsimile: (215) 717-3440 Email: adam@thefire.org Matthew Strugar, SBN 232951 6 LAW OFFICE OF MATTHEW STRUGAR 7 3435 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 2910 Los Angeles, CA 90010 Telephone: (323) 696-2299 9 Email: matthew@matthewstrugar.com 10 Attorneys for Respondent Amy Gulley 11 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 12 13 COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO — CIVIC CENTER COURTHOUSE Case No. CCH-24-587004 14 15 SARRITA ANASTASIA ADAMS, Assigned for all purposes to the Hon. Michelle Tong Petitioner, 16 OPPOSITION TO REQUEST FOR 17 VS. THIRD CONTINUANCE; SUPPLEMENTAL DECLARATION OF 18 AMY GULLEY, ADAM STEINBAUGH; EXHIBITS 1-7 19 Respondent. Date: August 20, 2024 20 Time: 8:30 a.m. Dept.: 505 21 Action Filed: June 6, 2024 22 Trial date: August 20, 2024 23 24 Respondent Amy Gulley respectfully submits this memorandum in opposition to the 25 request by Petitioner Sarrita Anastasia Adams to continue the hearing on Gulley's 26 (1) Motion to Quash Petition for Civil Harassment Restraining Order for Lack of Personal 27 Jurisdiction ("Motion to Quash") and (2) Special Motion to Strike ("anti-SLAPP Motion"). 28

OPPOSITION TO REQUEST TO CONTINUE HEARING

MEMORANDUM

Despite ample forewarning that Respondent Gulley would file a Motion to Quash and an anti-SLAPP Motion, Petitioner Sarrita Adams failed to respond to either motion. She now seeks to continue this matter a *third* time. The Court should decline Adams's request because it is not supported by good cause. And extending the TRO for *any* period of time will be deeply prejudicial to Gulley, irreparably harming her First Amendment rights by continuing to impose an unconstitutional prior restraint.

BACKGROUND

Petitioner Sarrita Adams attracted a worldwide media "frenzy" by critiquing and seeking to intervene in the famous trial of a serial murderer, British nurse Lucy Letby. Proclaiming herself an expert by virtue of her claimed University of Cambridge PhD, Adams bristled at the many people who questioned whether her background merited the public attention she sought. She claims to have issued subpoenas, sent bogus copyright takedown notices, and threatened criminal repercussions against her critics.

Adams filed this petition on June 6, 2024, targeting one critic—a Pennsylvania resident who has never set foot in California. Adams claimed Respondent Amy Gulley's criticism harmed her reputation and frustrated her business, "Science on Trial, Inc." Gulley had raised concerns about whether Adams had completed her claimed PhD, pointing to an opinion of the Court of Appeal suggesting she had not. This Court granted an *ex parte* TRO prohibiting Gulley from making online posts "about" Adams or Science on Trial, Inc.

On June 28, Gulley's counsel asked Adams to dismiss her petition, warning that Gulley would file the anti-SLAPP Motion. (Supplemental Declaration of Adam Steinbaugh ["Steinbaugh Supp. Decl."], \P_3 , Ex. 1.) Adams refused and asserted—even before receiving the anti-SLAPP motion—that she had "already prepared a response to your anti-slapp, and we have numerous declarations" in support. (Id. \P_6 , Ex. 3.)

On July 11, Gulley's counsel provided Adams with a copy of the Motion to Quash, which was then formally noticed, filed, and served on July 24, 2024. (*Id.* ¶ 5.) The anti-

SLAPP Motion was timely noticed, filed, and served the following day. (Id. ¶ 8.) Gulley's counsel provided Adams with courtesy copies of the motions via email. (Id. ¶ 9.)

Adams's oppositions were due on August 7, 2024. Adams retained counsel, who first contacted Gulley's counsel the evening before Adams's deadline to respond to the motions. (*Id.* ¶ 11.) Adams did not file an opposition to either motion. (*Id.* ¶ 10.)

After missing the deadline to respond, Adams now seeks to continue the hearing a third time. At Adams' request, the June 7 hearing was continued to July 23. (*Id.* ¶ 4, Ex. 2.) That hearing was continued to August 20 to accommodate the hearing on the Motion to Quash and anti-SLAPP Motion. If Adams' request to continue this matter to September 16 were granted, this matter will have been pending for 102 days.

ARGUMENT

- I. The Court Should Exercise Its Broad Discretion to Refuse to Permit A Dilatory Opposition and to Deny a Continuance.
 - A. The Court has "broad discretion" to decline a third continuance, and to decline to consider a dilatory opposition.

This Court should decline Adams's invitation to extend these proceedings a third time. Courts have "broad discretion in deciding whether to grant a request for a continuance," and there is "no mandatory right to a continuance" under the civil harassment statute. (Freeman v. Sullivant (2011) 192 Cal.App.4th 523, 527.) That same "broad discretion" also permits this Court "to accept or reject late-filed papers," even when a party has appeared in propria persona. (Rancho Mirage Country Club Homeowners Assn. v. Hazelbaker (2016) 2 Cal.App.5th 252, 262 [emphasis added].) Here, Adams has not even offered a proposed dilatory opposition to either the straightforward Motion to Quash or the Anti-SLAPP Motion.

B. The anti-SLAPP statute and public policy militates in favor of expeditious resolution of SLAPPs like Adams's petition.

Adams's request for a third continuance should also be denied because it undermines the anti-SLAPP statute's purpose of expeditious resolution of suits burdening expressive freedom. The "overall purpose of the SLAPP statute is to provide [respondents]

with a procedural remedy which would allow *prompt* exposure and dismissal of SLAPP suits." (*Morin v. Rosenthal* (2004) 122 Cal.App.4th 673, 681 [cleaned up].)

SLAPP plaintiffs have an incentive to draw out a proceeding. Delay forces the respondent to continue to "devote [her] time, energy and financial resources to combatting the lawsuit" while removing her voice from public discourse. (*Wilcox v. Superior Court* (1994) 27 Cal.App.4th 809, 816 [disapproved on other grounds by *Equilon Enterprises v. Consumer Cause, Inc.* (2002) 29 Cal.4th 53, 68 n.5].) That incentive is compounded where, as here, the petitioner can extend a TRO imposing a prior restraint on critics' speech.

The public interest in avoiding extended litigation over expressive rights is why the statute requires an anti-SLAPP motion be set for "hearing not more than 30 days after the service of the motion." (Code Civ. Proc., § 426.16, subd. (f).) That period expires on Saturday, August 24, 2024.

C. Adams's failure to respond and her lack of diligence are not good cause to continue to burden Gulley's First Amendment rights.

Adams, despite ample notice of the forthcoming motions, filed no response to either. (Steinbaugh Supp. Decl., ¶¶ 3, 5–6, 10.) Adams's deadline to file oppositions was August 7, 2024. (See, Code Civ. Proc., § 1005, subd. (b) ["All papers opposing a motion" must be filed and served at least nine court days before the hearing].)

Adams's failure to oppose the Motions is an implied concession of their merit. (See Herzberg v. County of Plumas (2005) 133 Cal.App.4th 1, 20 [failure to oppose portion of demurrer was an abandonment of the issue]; DuPont Merck Pharmaceutical Co. v. Superior Court (2000) 78 Cal.App.4th 562, 566 [failure to challenge argument in a brief concedes the argument].)

Her refusal to respond is not for lack of time: Gulley provided Adams with a copy of the Motion to Quash on July 11, nearly two weeks before it was formally filed and served. (Steinbaugh Supp. Decl., ¶ 5.) And Adams had even *earlier* warning of the anti-SLAPP

Yet Adams waited until the eleventh hour to retain counsel, a delay for which she offers no explanation. That lack of diligence does not provide good cause to burden Gulley with further delay in resolving this matter.

II. Extending the TRO Will Prejudice Gulley by Imposing an Unconstitutional Prior Restraint and Forcing Gulley to Litigate in a Distant Court.

If the Court were to grant a third continuance, extending the TRO would prejudice Gulley by prolonging an unconstitutional prior restraint on speech protected by the First Amendment. Further, by prolonging adjudication of the motions, Gulley will be forced to continue litigating this matter in this Court—three time zones away—that has no jurisdiction over her.¹

A civil harassment restraining order prohibiting the respondent from "making or publishing" statements about another person—like the TRO prohibiting Gulley from making posts "about" Adams—is a "classic type of an unconstitutional prior restraint." (*Evans v. Evans* (2008) 162 Cal.App.4th 1157, 1167–1169 [reversing order prohibiting "false and defamatory" statements on the internet].)

The prejudicial effect of a prior restraint cannot be understated. A prior restraint is the "most serious and the least tolerable" limit on First Amendment rights. (*Neb. Press Assn. v. Stuart* (1976) 427 U.S. 539, 559). The risks that prior restraints present to freedom of expression are so great that the "chief purpose" in adopting the First Amendment was to prevent their use. (*Near v. Minn.* (1931) 283 U.S. 697, 713.) A prior restraint carries a "heavy presumption against its constitutional validity" and is rarely justified outside of the context of national security concerns—and even in that weighty context prior restraints are treated with deep suspicion. (*New York Times Co. v. United States* (1971) 403 U.S. 713, 714

¹ A continuance prejudices Gulley by shifting the burden of Adams's lack of diligence to Gulley. While the costs imposed by requiring Gulley's counsel to change travel plans pale in comparison to the prejudice to Gulley's First Amendment rights, they are nonetheless costs that Gulley's *pro bono* counsel are unlikely to recover.

1	[per curiam] [rejecting prior restraints in the context of the Pentagon Papers and quoting,
2	in part, Bantam Books, Inc. v. Sullivan (1963) 372 U.S. 58, 70].)
3	Those risks are immediate. Gulley faces the possibility of arrest if she utters a word
4	about Adams or her company. Adams has used the TRO to threaten Gulley's arrest even for
5	speech by third parties. (Steinbaugh Supp. Decl., ¶¶ 12–14, Exs. 5–7.) And Adams has
6	expanded the chilling effect beyond Gulley, using the TRO to threaten other online critics
7	by falsely representing that the TRO binds them. (Id. ¶ 12, Ex. 5.)
8	That is why the Court of Appeal has repeatedly overturned prior restraints like the
9	one currently applied to Gulley. (See, e.g., <i>Evans</i> , <i>supra</i> , 162 Cal.App.4th at 1167–1169;
10	Smith v. Silvey (1983) 149 Cal.App.3d 400, 406–407 [order prohibiting respondent from
11	"contacting" residents of mobile home park was "unconstitutionally overbroad" because it
12	limited distribution of "literature"]; Thomas v. Quintero (2005) 126 Cal.App.4th 635, 643,
13	663 [prohibition on "distributing false and misleading handbills" about petitioner].)
14	The prejudice to fragile speech rights is why the anti-SLAPP statute provides an
15	expeditious path to ending the litigation. A continuance undermines that purpose of the
16	anti-SLAPP statute. No continuance, however brief, can justify the continued imposition of
17	a prior restraint: As the Supreme Court has made clear, the "loss of First Amendment
18	freedoms, for even minimal periods of time, unquestionably constitutes irreparable
19	injury." (Elrod v. Burns (1976) 427 U.S. 347, 373 [emphasis added].)
20	CONCLUSION
21	Respondent respectfully requests this Court deny a third continuance and dissolve
22	the TRO.
23	
24	DATED: August 16, 2024 FOUNDATION FOR INDIVIDUAL RIGHTS & EXPRESSION
25	
26	By:Adam Steinbaugh
27	Attorney for Respondent Amy Gulley
28	

EXHIBIT 7

。CH-116 Order on request to Continue Hearing	C tamps date here when form is filed.
Complete items (1) and (2) only.	San Francisco County Superior Court
1 Protected Party: Sarrita Anastasia Adams	AUG 2 0 2024
2 Restrained Party: Amy Gulley	CHERK OF THE COURT BY Jawa (Junnors) Deputy Clerk
The court will complete the rest of this form	
(3) Next Court Date	Fill in court name and street address: Superior Court of California, County of
a. The request to reschedule the court date is denied. Your court date is:	San Sanraistosco Superior Court Civic Center Courthouse
(1) Any Temporary Restraining Order (form CH-110) already granted stays in full force and effect until the next court date.	400 McAllister Street, Room 103 San Francisco, CA 94102-4514
(2) Your court date is not rescheduled because:	Fill in case number:
	Case Number:
	CCH-24-587004
Court Date Dept.: 505 Room: 505 Temporary Restraining Order a. There is no Temporary Restraining Order (TRO) in this case until t (1) A TRO was not previously granted by the court. (2) The court terminates (cancels) the previously granted TRO because	
b A Temporary Restraining Order (TRO) is still in full force and effe	ct because: Warning and Notice to
(1) The court extends the TRO previously granted on (date) WC It now expires on (date): 9-17-2024	the Restrained Party: If 4 b is checked, a civil harassment restraining
(If no date is listed, the TRO expires at the end of the court date listed in 3b.) order has been issued against you. You n	
(2) The court changes the TRO previously granted and signs a new TR CH-110).	follow the orders until they expire.
c. Other (specify):	
This is a Court Order.	

Order on Request to Continue Hearing (Temporary Restraining Order) (CLETS-TCH) (Civil Harassment Prevention)

CH-116, Page 1 of 3



	ie Nu	ımber:	Marie Company of Charles	CHOMES HONOR CO.	
<u>_</u>	CH	-24-	58	70	04

b. This is the first time that the restrained party has asked for more time to prepare. c. The court reschedules the court date on its own motion. 6 Serving (Giving) Order to Other Party The request to reschedule was made by the: a. Protected party	
The request to reschedule was made by the: a. Protected party (1) You do not have to serve the restrained party because they or their lawyer were at the court date or agreed to reschedule the court date. (2) You must have the restrained party personally served with a copy of this order and a copy of all documents listed on form CH-109, item 6, by (date): (3) You must have the restrained party served with a copy of this order. This can be done a. Protected party b. Restrained party c. Court (1) You do not have to serve the protected at the court date or agreed to reschedule the court date. (2) You must have the protected party personally served with a copy of this order by (date): (3) You must have the restrained party served with a copy of this order. This can be done	
The request to reschedule was made by the: a. Protected party b. Restrained party c. Court (1) You do not have to serve the restrained party because they or their lawyer were at the court date or agreed to reschedule the court date. (2) You must have the restrained party personally served with a copy of this order and a copy of all documents listed on form CH-109, item 6, by (date): (3) You must have the restrained party served with a copy of this order. This can be done (1) You do not have to serve the protected party because they or their lawyer were at the court date. (2) You must have the protected party personally served with a copy of this order by (date): (3) You must have the protected party served with a copy of this order. This can be done	
a. Protected party b. Restrained party c. Court (1) You do not have to serve the restrained party because they or their lawyer were at the court date or agreed to reschedule the court date. (2) You must have the restrained party personally served with a copy of fall documents listed on form CH-109, item 6, by (date): (3) You must have the restrained party served with a copy of this order. This can be done b. Restrained party c. Court (1) You do not have to serve the protected party because they or their lawyer were at the court date or agreed to reschedule the court date. (2) You must have the protected party personally served with a copy of this order by (date): (3) You must have the restrained party served with a copy of this order. This can be done	
(1) You do not have to serve the restrained party because they or their lawyer were at the court date or agreed to reschedule the court date. (2) You must have the restrained party personally served with a copy of this order and a copy of this order and a copy of this order. This can be done (1) You do not have to serve the protected party because they or their lawyer were at the court date or agreed to reschedule the court date. (2) You must have the restrained party personally served with a copy of this order. This can be done (1) Further notice is not protected party because they or their lawyer were at the court date. (2) You must have the protected party personally served with a copy of this order. This can be done	
restrained party because they or their lawyer were at the court date or agreed to reschedule the court date. (2) You must have the restrained party personally served with a copy of this order and a copy of all documents listed on form CH-109, item 6, by (date): (3) You must have the restrained party served with a copy of this order. This can be done reschedule the court date. (2) You must have the protected party personally served with a court date. (2) You must have the protected party served with a copy of this order. This can be done protected party because they or their lawyer were at the court date. (2) You must have the protected party served with a copy of this order. This can be done	
party personally served with a copy of this order and a copy of all documents listed on form CH-109, item 6, by (date): (3) You must have the restrained party served with a copy of this order. This can be done party personally served with a copy of this order by (date): (3) You must have the protected party served with a copy of this order. This can be done this order to all party date): (3) You must have the protected party served with a copy of this order. This can be done	ot required.
party served with a copy of this order. This can be done this order. This can be done	rties by
(date): 8/19/2024 (date):	
(4) The court gives you permission to serve the restrained party as listed on the attached form CH-117.	
(5) Other:	

This is a Court Order.

Order on Request to Continue Hearing (Temporary Restraining Order) (CLETS-TCH) (Civil Harassment Prevention)

-47-

CH-116, Page 2 of 3



Rev. September 1, 2022

Th	e sheriff or marshal The order is ba	Notify) Restrained P will serve this order for fi sed on unlawful violence, 1) is entitled to a fee waiv	ree because: a credible threat of viole	V ·	ered
③ □	Other Orders	•			
Date:	AUG 1.9 2	024		Mull	8
			JUD	Judicial Offic	
	Assistive li are availab	for Accommodation istening systems, compute le if you ask at least five of s.ca.gov/forms.htm for Di.	r-assisted real-time capti lays before the hearing.	Contact the clerk's off	rice or go to
cou	irt must enter this or	Ins duled and the court extend rder into CLETS or send the ess day from the day the or	his order to law enforcer		
L		—Cle	erk's Certificate—	· · · · ·	
28	Clerk's Certificate Seal]	I certify that this Order of Order) (CLETS-TCH) is Date: AUG 1 9 20	a true and correct copy		n the court, Deputy

This is a Court Order.

Order on Request to Continue Hearing (Temporary Restraining Order) (CLETS-TCH) (Civil Harassment Prevention) CH-116, Page 3 of 3

EXHIBIT 8

CH-116 Order on Request to Continue Hearing	Clerk stamps date here when form is flied.
Complete items (1) and (2) only.	San Francisco County Superior Count
1 Protected Party: Sarrita Anastasia Adams	AUG 2 0 2024
2 Restrained Party: Amy Gulley	CLEPK OF THE COURT
——————————————————————————————————————	BY JYVacades Doputy Clerk
(3) Next Court Date	Fill in court name and street address:
a. The request to reschedule the court date is denied.	Superior Court of California, County of San Francisco
•	400 McAllister St.,
Your court date is:	San Francisco, CA 94102
(1) Any <i>Temporary Restraining Order</i> (form CH-110) already granted stays in full force and effect until the next court date.	
(2) Your court date is not rescheduled because:	Fill in case number:
	Case Number:
	CCH-24-587004
Dept.: 505 Room: 505 Temporary Restraining Order a. There is no Temporary Restraining Order (TRO) in this case until the count.	ne next court date because:.
(2) The court terminates (cancels) the previously granted TRO because	
b. A Temporary Restraining Order (TRO) is still in full force and effect	t because: Warning and Notice to
(1) The court extends the TRO previously granted on (date): Jun-07-20 It now expires on (date): Sep-30-2024	If 4 b is checked, a civil
(If no date is listed, the TRO expires at the end of the court date listed in 3b.) harassment restra	
(2) ☐ The court changes the TRO previously granted and signs a new TRO CH-110).	O (form against you. You must follow the orders until they expire.
c. Other (specify):	
This is a Court Order.	

Judicial Council of Catiomia, www.couris.cs.gov Rov. September 1, 2022, Mandatory Form Code of Civil Procedure, §§ 527.8 and 527.9 Order on Request to Continue Hearing (Temporary Restraining Order) (CLETS-TCH) (Civil Harassment Prevention)

CH-116, Page 1 of 3



		CCH-2
	lule the court date (check one):	
c. X The court reschedules the cour		to prepare.
6) Serving (Giving) Order to Other The request to reschedule was made by a. □ Protected party	•	c. 🗵 Court
 You do not have to serve the restrained party because they or their lawyer were at the court date or agreed to reschedule the court date. You must have the restrained party personally served with a copy of this order and a copy of all documents listed on form CH-109, item 6, by (date): 	(1) You do not have to serve the protected party because they or their lawyer were at the court date or agreed to reschedule the court date. (2) You must have the protected party personally served with a copy of this order by (date):	(1) ☐ Further notice is not required. (2) ☑ The court will mail a copy of this order to all parties by (date):
(3) You must have the restrained party served with a copy of this order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by (date):	(3) You must have the protected party served with a copy of this order. This can be done by mail. You must serve by (date):	(3) Other:
(4) ☐ The court gives you permission to serve the restrained party as listed on the attached form CH-117.	(4) Other:	
(5) Other:		·

This is a Court Order.

Order on Request to Continue Hearing (Temporary Restraining Order) (CLETS-TCH) (Civil Harassment Prevention)

CH-116, Page 2 of 3



Rev. September 1, 2022

1	Case Number: CCH-2
7 No Fee to Serve (Notify) Restrained Pers	son
The sheriff or marshal will serve this order for free	pecause:
a. The order is based on unlawful violence, a cr	edible threat of violence, or stalking.
b. \square The person in \bigcirc is entitled to a fee waiver.	
8 Other Orders	
AUG 2 0 2024 Date:	Judicial Officer



Request for Accommodations

Assistive listening systems, computer-assisted real-time captioning, or sign language interpreter services are available if you ask at least five days before the hearing. Contact the clerk's office or go to www.courts.ca.gov/forms.htm for Disability Accommodation Request (form MC-410). (Civ. Code,

MICHELLE TONG

Instructions to Clerk

If the hearing is rescheduled and the court extended, modified, or terminated a temporary restraining order, then the court must enter this order into CLETS or send this order to law enforcement to enter into CLETS. This must be done within one business day from the day the order is made.

-Clerk's Certificate-

I certify that this Order on Request to Continue Hearing (Temporary Restraining Order) (CLETS-TCH) is a true and correct copy of the original on file in the court.

Clerk, by Clerk of the Court AUG 2 0 2024 Date:

, Deputy

This is a Court Order.

Rev. September 1, 2022

Order on Request to Continue Hearing (Temporary Restraining Order) (CLETS-TCH) (Civil Harassment Prevention)

CH-116, Page 3 of 3

For your protection and privacy, please press the Clear This Form button after you have printed the form.

Save this form

Clear this form

Clerk's Certificate of Mailing

I, Karen Valdes, a Deputy Clerk of the Superior Court of the City and

On August 20, 2024, I served the attached Order on Request to Continue

County of San Francisco, Certify that I am not a party to the within action.

1 2

3

4

5

6

7

8

Pelta Law

1390 Market Street

Suite 200

510 Walnut Street

Philadelphia PA 19106

Suite 900

practices.

San Francisco, CA 94102 10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

22

21

23

24

25

Page | 1

Hearing with case number CCH-24-587004, by placing a copy thereof in a sealed envelope, addressed as follows: Marc Pelta, Esq. attorney for Petitioner Sarrita Adams Adam Blair Steinbaugh, Esq. attorney for Respondent Amy Gulley

And placing the addressed, postage paid, sealed envelope in the outgoing mail at 400 McAllister Street, San Francisco, CA 94102 on the date indicated above for collection and mailing on the that date following standard Court

Dated: August 20, 2024

Foundation for Individual Rights & Expression

Brandon E. Riley,

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO

400 MCALLISTER STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94102-4514

SARRITA ANASTASIA ADAMS	
PLAINTIFF(S)	NO. CCH-24-587004
VS.	REJECT
AMY GULLEY	2-02-02
DEFENDANT(S)	
The submitted document could not be enter	red because:
The matter is to be continued to a long cause date to ac request for a civil harassment restraining order by petitisent by the court. (D505)	comodate other motions filed by respondent and the
	-
Date: Aug 20, 2024	DEPUTY COURT CLERK
TO EXPEDITE FURTHER PROCESSING PAPERS TO:	, RETURN THIS FORM WITH YOUR
SAN FRANCISCO SUPERIOR COURT 400 McAllister Street, Room 103 San Francisco, CA 94102	

EXHIBIT 9



Request for Anti-SLAPP Motion

Adam Steinbaugh <adam@thefire.org>

Thu, Sep 12, 2024 at 1:08 PM

To: Marc Pelta <marc@peltalaw.com>

Cc: Okorie Okorocha <OO@ooesq.com>, JT Morris <JT.Morris@thefire.org>, Colin McDonell <colin.mcdonell@thefire.org>, Matthew Harwood <matthew.harwood@thefire.org>

Marc,

The motions served on Ms. Adams in July and provided via email to you on August 9 are still available at this URI https://app.box.com/s/
The password to access these documents is:

Best,

Adam B. Steinbaugh

Attorney*
Foundation for Individual Rights and Expression 510 Walnut Street
Suite 900
Philadelphia, PA 19106
(215) 717-3473
adam@thefire.org

This communication may contain information that is confidential or privileged. Unless you are the addressee (or authorized to receive this message by the addressee), you may not use, copy, or disclose the contents of this message or information contained in this message to anyone. If you believe that you have received this message in error, please advise the sender and delete this message.

On Thu, Sep 12, 2024 at 4:19AM Marc Pelta <marc@peltalaw.com> wrote:

Hi, Adam,

Please e-mail me the motion so that we can respond to it.

I've reviewed all of our e-mails. I thought you sent it to me.

I do not see it.

Attorney Okorie Okorocha will be working the case with me.

Thank you,

Marc Pelta, Attorney-at-Law PELTA|LAW SF Bay Area Location: 1390 Market Street, Suite 200 San Francisco, CA 94102 Tel. 415-963-1152 website: www.peltalaw.com

^{*} Admitted in California and Pennsylvania

[&]quot;Representing Clients Across California"

DISCLAIMER: This e-mail may contain confidential or privileged information intended only for the use of the individual to whom it is being sent from this e-mail account. It may contain information belonging to the sender protected by the Electronic Communications Privacy Act. If you are not the intended recipient, any dissemination, distribution, copying or other use of this communication is not allowed. If you have received this by mistake, please notify us immediately by e-mail or telephone at 415.963.1152 and destroy this e-mail message.

EXHIBIT 10

CH-115

Request to Continue Court Hearing

on Notice of	: Use this form to ask the court to reschedule the court date listed form the Court Hearing (form CH-109). Read, How to Ask for a New to (form CH-115-INFO), for more information.	·
1 My Inf	ormation	
a. My na	ame is: Sarrita Anastasia Adams	
b. I am t	he:	Fill in court name and street address:
(1)	Protected party (skip to 2).	Superior Court of California, County of
(2)	Restrained party (give your contact information below).	San Francisco
	Address where I can receive mail:	
	This address will be used by the court and other party to notify you in this case. If you want to keep your home address private, you can use another address like a post office box or another person's address, if you have their permission. If you have a lawyer, give your lawyer's address and contact information.	Fill in case number: Case Number: CCH-24-587004
	Address: 1390 Market Street, Suite 200	_
	City: San Francisco State: CA Zip: 94102	- «
	My contact information (optional):	
	Telephone: (415) 963-1152 Fax: (415) 963-1152	
	Email Address: marc@peltalaw.com	
	Lawyer's information (skip if you do not have one):	
	Name: Marc David Pelta State Bar	No.: 253315
	Firm Name: Pelta Law	
(2) Inforn	nation About My Case	
a. The	other party in this case is (full name): Amy Gulley	2

This is not a Court Order.

b. I have a court date currently scheduled for (date): September 17, 2024



CH-115, Page 1 of 2

Clerk stamps date here when form is filed.

Case Number:	77
CCH-24-587004	

3 Is a Temporary Restraining Order in effect?	
X Yes. Date the order was made, if known: June 7, 2024	
Please attach a copy of the order if you have one.	
□ No.	
☐ I don't know.	
Notice : If the court date is rescheduled, the <i>Temporary Restraining Order</i> (form <u>CH-110</u>) will remain in effuntil the end of the new court date unless otherwise ordered by the court.	ect
Why does the court date need to be rescheduled?	
a. \square I am the person asking for protection, and I need more time to have the restrained party personally se	erved.
b. I am the restrained party, and this is my first request to reschedule the court date.	
only recently hired. The sheer number of pages for counsel to review those two motions exceeds 50 Therefore, Petitioner's Counsel has been unable to file the Oppositions to each of those two motions. file it next week; however, we are requesting the Court grant us this Request so that we can comply California and Local Rules of Court to litigate these two motions. Availability of future court dates are as follows: September 23-27, 30, or October 1, 7-8, 11, 14, 23-24, 2024. Respondent's Counsel is expected to oppose this motion.	0 pages. We can with the to do that
I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the information above is true and	correct.
Date:	
Type or print your name Sign your name	
Date: September 12, 2024	
Marc David Pelta	
Lawyer's name, if you have one Lawyer's signature	

This is not a Court Order.

CH-110 Temporary Restraining Order	Clerk stamps date here when form is filed.
Person in 1 must complete items 1. 2. and 3 only. Protected Person a. Your Full Name: Sarrita Anastasia Adams	ENDORSED Full ED Sen Francisco County Superior Count
Your Lawyer (if you have one for this case): Name: State Bar No.: Firm Name:	CLERK OF THE COURT JEFFREY FLORES Deputy Clerk
b. Your Address (If you have a lawyer, give your lawyer's information If you do not have a lawyer and want to keep your home address private, you may give a different mailing address instead. You do not have to give telephone, fax, or email.): Address: City: San Francisco State: Zip: Telephone: Fax:	Fill in court name and street address:
Email Address:	Court fills in case number when form is filed.
2) Restrained Person (Give all the information you know. Information with a star (*) is require	case Number 24-587004
네 보고 있으면 있는 그리고 있는 그리고 있었다면서 하고 있었다면서 하는 사람들이 되었다면 하는 사람들이 없는 사람들이 하는 사람들이 되었다면서 하는데 그렇다면서 그렇다면 그렇다면서 그렇다면 그렇다면서 그렇다면서 그렇다면 그렇다면 그렇다면 그렇다면 그렇다면 그렇다면 그렇다면 그렇다면	
*Full Name: AMy Gulley *Age *Race: White Height: Weight: Ha *Gender: M M F Nonbinary Home Address: City: State: PA Zip: Relationship to Protected Person: None - Internet Stalker 3 Additional Protected Persons	Date of Birth: Eye Color:
*Full Name: AMy Gulley *Age *Race: White Height: Weight: Ha *Gender: M M F Nonbinary Home Address: City: State: PA Zip: Relationship to Protected Person: None - Internet Stalker 3 Additional Protected Persons In addition to the person named in 1, the following family or household the temporary orders indicated below: Full Name Gender Age Household	Date of Birth: Eye Color: d members of that person are protected by Relation to Protected Person No
*Full Name: AMy Gulley *Race: White	Eye Color: By Color:
*Full Name: AMy Gulley *Race: White	Date of Birth: Eye Color: Eye Color: Id members of that person are protected by bild Member? Relation to Protected Person No No No No No No No Altachment. Form.

Judicial Council of California, Rev. January 1, 2023. Mandatory Forin Code of Civil Procedure, §§ 527 6 and 527.9 Approved by DOJ

Temporary Restraining Order (CLETS-TCH)
(Civil Harassment Prevention)

CH-110, Page 1 of 6

Case Number:	

To the Person in 2:

The court has granted the temporary orders checked as granted below. If you do not obey these orders, you can be arrested and charged with a crime. You may be sent to jail for up to one year, pay a fine of up to \$1,000, or both.

(5)	Personal Conduct Orders	tie.
	☐ Not Requested ☐ Denied Until	the Hearing Granted as Follows:
	 a. You must not do the following things to the part and to the other protected persons listed 	person named in (1)
	Adestroy personal property of, or distu	ike, stalk, threaten, assault (sexually or otherwise), hit, abuse, rb the peace of the person.
	(2) Contact the person, either directly or telephone, in writing, by public or pr or by other electronic means.	indirectly, in any way, including, but not limited to, in person, by ivate mail, by interoffice mail, by email, by text message, by fax.
	round good cause not to make this or	s address or location. If this item (3) is not checked, the court has der.
	(4) Other (specify): Other personal conduct orders an	e attached at the end of this Order on Attachment 5a(4).
on imp	b. Peaceful written contact unough	a process server or owner purson for service of legal papers related this order. However, you may have your papers served by mail
6	Stay-Away Order Not Requested Denied Until a. You must stay at least	the Hearing Granted as Follows:
	(1) The person in (1) (2) Each person in (3)	(7) The place of child care of the children of the person in (1)
	(3) The home of the person in ①	0
	(4) The job or workplace of the person in (1)	(8) The vehicle of the person in (1) (9) Other (specify):
	(5) The school of the person in (1)	
	(6) The school of the children of the person in 1	
	b. This stay-away order does not prevent you fro	om going to or from your home or place of employment.
7	No Firearms (Guns), Firearm Parts, or a. You cannot own, possess, have, buy or try to prohibited items listed in b on the next page.	Ammunition buy, receive or try to receive, or in any other way get any
	This is	a Court Order.

Rev. January 1, 2023

Temporary Restraining Order (CLETS-TCH)
(Civil Harassment Prevention)

CH-110, Page 2 of 6

			*	Case Number:
) b. Pr	rohibited items are:			
(1) Firearms (guns);			
(3		oning receivers, frames, or any code section 16531): and body armor.		used as or easily turned into a receiver of
(1	 Sell to or store with this Order. 	th a licensed gun dealer, or tu our immediate possession or c	rn in to a law enfor control. This must b	rcement agency, any firearms (guns) an be done within 24 hours of being served
(:	and firearm parts	h the court within 48 hours of have been turned in, sold, or s 800) for the receipt.)	receiving this Orde stored. (You may u	er that proves that your firearms (guns) use Receipt for Firearms and Firearm
d. [The court has rece	ived information that you own	or possess a firear	rm (gun). firearm parts, or ammunition.
Pos	ssession and Pro	otection of Animals		
OD)	Not Requested	☐ Denied Until the H	learing 🗆 G	ranted as Follows (specify):
al. C	owned, possessed,	s given the sole possession. ce, leased, kept, or held by him on hy, e.g., type, breed, name, col	or her, or reside in I	the animals listed below, which are his or her household.
Oth	The person in ②r molest, attack, stri er Orders Not Requested	ike, threaten, harm, or otherwi	se dispose of, the a	ot take, sell, transfer, encumber, concerninals listed above. Granted as Follows (specify):
	Additional orders are	attached at the end of this Ord	ler on Attachment	9.
		To the Pe	rson in 🛈 :	
Mar	ndatory Entry of	Order Into CARPOS Th	rough CLETS	
This Calif	Order must be entere	ed into the California Restrain	ing and Protective em (CLETS). (Ch	Order System (CARPOS) through the neck one):
a. [er this Order and its proof-of-		
ь. ф	The clerk will tran	nsmit this Order and its proof-	of-service form to	a law enforcement agency to be entered
		This is a C	ourt Order.	
January 1, 2	023	Temporary Peetrainin	a Order (C) ET	CE TOUY CH.110 Page

Temporary Restraining Order (CLETS-TCH)
(Civil Harassment Prevention)

Cn-110, Page 3 of 6

	Case Number:
10 c. By the close of business on the date that this of deliver a copy of the Order and its proof-of-secutor into CARPOS:	Order is made, the person in 1 or his or her lawyer should ervice form to the law enforcement agency listed below to
Name of Law Enforcement Agency	Address (City, State, Zip)
Additional law enforcement agencies are liste	d at the end of this Order on Attachment 10.
11) No Fee to Serve (Notify) Restrained Personal The period or marshal will serve this Order without of a. The Order is based on unlawful violence, a cr	charge because:
b. The person in 1 is entitled to a fee waiver. Number of pages attached to this Order, if any: Date:	£11
	Judicial Officer JUDGE MARIA EVANGELISTA

Warnings and Notices to the Restrained Person in 2

You Cannot Have Firearms (Guns), Firearm Parts, or Ammunition

You cannot own, have, possess, buy or try to buy, receive or try to receive, or otherwise get any prohibited items listed in item 7b on page 3 while this Order is in effect. If you do, you can go to jail and pay a \$1,000 fine. You must sell to or store with a licensed gun dealer, or turn in to a law enforcement agency, any firearms (guns) and firearm parts that you have or control as stated in item 7 above. The court will require you to prove that you did so.

Notice Regarding Nonappearance at Hearing and Service of Order

If you have been personally served with this Temporary Restraining Order and form CH-109, Notice of Court Hearing, but you do not appear at the hearing either in person or by a lawyer, and a restraining order that is the same as this Temporary Restraining Order except for the expiration date is issued at the hearing, a copy of the order will be served on you by mail at the address in item 2.

If this address is not correct or you wish to verify that the Temporary Restraining Order was converted into a restraining order at the hearing without substantive change, or to find out the duration of the order, contact the clerk of the court.

After You Have Been Served With a Restraining Order

- Obey all the orders.
- Read form CH-120-INFO, How Can I Respond to a Request for Civil Harassment Restraining Orders?, to learn how
 to respond to this Order.
- If you want to respond, fill out form CH-120, Response to Request for Civil Harassment Restraining Orders, and file
 it with the court clerk. You do not have to pay any fee to file your response if the Request claims that you inflicted or
 threatened violence against or stalked the person in 1.

This is a Court Order.

Rev. January 1, 2023

Temporary Restraining Order (CLETS-TCH)
(Civil Harassment Prevention)

CH-110, Page 4 of 6

Case Number:	

- You must have form CH-120 served by mail on the person in 1 or that person's attorney. You cannot do this
 yourself. The person who does the mailing should complete and sign form CH-250, Proof of Service by Mail. File the
 completed proof of service with the court clerk before the hearing date or bring it with you to the hearing.
- In addition to the response, you may file and have declarations served, signed by you and other persons who have
 personal knowledge of the facts. You may use form MC-030, Declaration, for this purpose. It is available from the
 clerk's office at the court shown on page 1 of this form or at www.courts.ca.gow/forms. If you do not know how to
 prepare a declaration, you should see a lawyer.
- Whether or not you file a response, you should attend the hearing. If you have any witnesses, they must also go to the hearing.
- At the hearing, the judge can make restraining orders against you that last for up to five years. Tell the judge why you disagree with the orders requested.

Instructions for Law Enforcement

Enforcing the Restraining Order

This order is enforceable by any law enforcement agency that has received the order, is shown a copy of the order, or has verified its existence on the California Restraining and Protective Orders System (CARPOS). If the law enforcement agency has not received proof of service on the restrained person, the agency must advise the restrained person of the terms of the order and then must enforce it. Violations of this order are subject to criminal penalties.

Start Date and End Date of Orders

This order starts on the date next to the judge's signature on page 4. The order ends on the expiration date in item 4 on page 1.

Arrest Required if Order Is Violated

If an officer has probable cause to believe that the restrained person had notice of the order and has disobeyed the order, the officer must arrest the restrained person. (Pen. Code. §§ 836(c)(1), 13701(b).) A violation of the order may be a violation of Penal Code section 166 or 273.6. Agencies are encouraged to enter violation messages into CARPOS.

Notice/Proof of Service

The law enforcement agency must first determine if the restrained person had notice of the order. Consider the restrained person "served" (given notice) if (Pen. Code. § 836(c)(2)):

- · The officer sees a copy of the Proof of Service or confirms that the Proof of Service is on file; or
- The restrained person was informed of the order by an officer.

An officer can obtain information about the contents of the order and proof of service in CARPOS. If proof of service on the restrained person cannot be verified, the agency must advise the restrained person of the terms of the order and then enforce it.

This is a Court Order.

Rev. January 1, 2023

Temporary Restraining Order (CLETS-TCH)
(Civil Harassment Prevention)

CH-110, Page 5 of 6

Case Number:	

If the Protected Person Contacts the Restrained Person

Even if the protected person invites or consents to contact with the restrained person, this order remains in effect and must be enforced. The protected person cannot be arrested for inviting or consenting to contact with the restrained person. The order can be changed only by another court order. (Pen. Code, § 13710(b).)

Conflicting Orders—Priorities for Enforcement

If more than one restraining order has been issued protecting the protected person from the restrained person, the orders must be enforced in the following priority (see Pen. Code. § 136.2 and Fam. Code. §§ 6383(h)(2). 6405(b)):

- Emergency Protective Order (EPO): If one of the orders is an Emergency Protective Order (form EPO-001),
 provisions (e.g., stay-away order) that are more restrictive than in the other restraining/protective orders must be
 enforced. Provisions of another order that do not conflict with the EPO must be enforced.
- No-Contact Order: If a restraining/protective order includes a no-contact order, the no-contact order must be enforced. Item 5a(2) is an example of a no-contact order.
- 3. Criminal Protective (Order (CP()): If none of the orders include an EPO or a no-contact order, the most recent CPO must be enforced. (Fam. Code, §§ 6383(h)(2) and 6405(b).) Additionally, a CPO issued in a criminal case involving charges of domestic violence, Penal Code sections 261, 261.5, or former 262, or charges requiring sex offender registration must be enforced over any civil court order. (Pen. Code, § 136.2(e)(2).) All provisions in the civil court order that do not conflict with the CPO must be enforced.
- 4. Civil Restraining Orders: If there is more than one civil restraining order (e.g., domestic violence, juvenile, elder abuse, civil harassment), then the order that was issued last must be enforced. Provisions that do not conflict with the most recent civil restraining order must be enforced.

(Clerk will fill out this part.)

Clerk's Certificate [seal]

-Clerk's Certificate-

COURT OF C

I certify that this Temporary Restraining Order is a true and correct copy of the original on file in the court.

CLERK OF THE COURT

ate: JUN 07 2024

Clerk, by

___, Deputy

This is a Court Order

Rev January 1, 2023

Temporary Restraining Order (CLETS-TCH)
(Civil Harassment Prevention)

CH-110, Page 6 of 6

EXHIBIT 11

CH-115

First Amendea

Request to Continue Court Hearing

Instructions: Use this form to ask the court to reschedule the court date listed on Notice of Court Hearing (form CH-109). Read, How to Ask for a New Hearing Date (form CH-115-INFO), for more information.

My Information

- a. My name is: Sarrita Anastasia Adams
- b. I am the:
 - Protected party (skip to (2)). (1)
 - (2) Restrained party (give your contact information below).

Address where I can receive mail:

This address will be used by the court and other party to notify you in this case. If you want to keep your home address private. you can use another address like a post office box or another person's address, if you have their permission. If you have a lawyer, give your lawyer's address and contact information.

Fill in court name and street address:

Clerk stamps date here when form is filed.

Superior Court of California, County of San Francisco

Fill in case number:

Case Number:

CCH-24-587004

Address:	1390	Market	Street,	Suite	200

City: San Francisco State: CA Zip: 94102

My contact information (optional):

Telephone: (415) 963-1152

Fax: (415) 963-1152

Email Address: marc@peltalaw.com

Lawyer's information (skip if you do not have one):

Name: Marc David Pelta State Bar No.: 253315

Firm Name: Pelta Law

Information About My Case

- a. The other party in this case is (full name): Amy Gulley
- b. I have a court date currently scheduled for (date): September 30, 2024

This is not a Court Order.

Case Number:	
CCH-24-587004	

3) Is a Temporary Restraining Order in effec	ct?	. 0
X Yes. Date the order was made, if known: June 7	, 2024	<u> </u>
Please attach a copy of the order if you have	one.	
☐ No.		
☐ I don't know.		
Notice : If the court date is rescheduled, the <i>Tempore</i> until the end of the new court date unless otherwise		H-110) will remain in effect
	*	
4) Why does the court date need to be reso	cheduled?	
a. \square I am the person asking for protection, and I n	need more time to have the restr	ained party personally served.
b. I am the restrained party, and this is my first	request to reschedule the court	date.
c. 🗷 Other reason: Please withdraw the previous	motion submitted for filing on	September 12, 2024 to continue
the hearing date from September 17, 2024. I		
previous order setting the hearing for Septem	nber 30 from September 17, 202	24. Counsel apologizes to the
Court and Respondent's Counsel for this mis	understanding. We will appear	on September 30, 2024, as
ordered.		

declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the S	State of California that the infor	mation above is true and correct
decide dider penalty of perjury dider the laws of the E	rate of cantonna that the intorn	nation accretion and and confeet.
Date:		
Type or print your name	Sign your name	
Date: September 13, 2024		7 /
	M(1)/	1
Marc David Pelta Lawyer's name, if you have one	I many signature	7/ .
	Lawyer's signatűre	

This is not a Court Order.